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This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual may cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. NOTICE: (1) The changes or modifications not expressively approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. (2) Shielded interface cables and AC power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

#### **CISPR PUB.22 Class A COMPLIANCE:**

This device complies with EMC directive of the European Community and meets or exceeds the following technical standard. EN 55022 - Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. This device complies with CISPR Class A.

#### **WARNING:**

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### **CE NOTICE**

Marking by the symbol CE indicates compliance of this equipment to the EMC directive of the European Community. Such marking is indicative that this equipment meets or exceeds the following technical standards: EN 55022:1994/A1:1995/A2:1997 Class A and EN61000-3-2:1995, EN61000-3-3:1995 and EN50082-1:1997

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#### FMUX01A/Plus

Fiber Optical Multiplexer with 100M Ethernet Stand-alone / Rack Type 4, 8, 12, 16 Channel E1, T1, FXO, FXS, Datacom

#### **User Manual**

Version 1.0 Sep 2008 Release

This manual supports the following models : FMUX01A/Plus

This document is the first official release manual. Please check CTC Union's website for any updated manual or contact us by E-mail at info@ctcu.com. Please address any comments for improving this manual or to point out omissions or errors to marketing@ctcu.com. Thank you.

# **Table of Contents**

Chapter 1 Introduction	7
1.1 Product Description	
1.2 Application Diagram	7
1.3 Product Features	8
1.4 Technical Specifications	8
1.4.1 Optical Interface	8
1.4.2 E1S module	
1.4.3 T1 module	9
1.4.4 Datacom module	
1.5 Physical Specifications	9
1.6 Dimensions & Weight	
1.7 Power Supply	9
1.8 Ordering Information	
1.9 Rear Panel View	
Chapter 2 Installation	11
2.1 Unpacking	
2.2 Site Requirements	
2.3 Site Selection	
2.4 DC Electrical Outlet Connection	
2.5 Laser Safety	
Chapter 3 Panel Description	
3.1 Front Panel	
3.2 Rear Panel	
Chapter 4 Quick Start	15
4.1 Console Port	
4.1.1 PuTTY Settings	15
4.1.2 Console Login	
4.1.3 Main Menu	
4.1.4 Equipment Status	17
4.1.5 E1/T1 Tributary Card Configuration	
4.1.6 FXO/FXS Configuration	20
4.1.7 Ethernet Trunk Configuration	
4.1.8 Profile Management	
Chapter 5 Operation	27
5.1 Startup Loading / Booting and Login Screen	27
5.2 Main Menu	29
5.3 System Configuration	30
5.3.1 System Information Configuration	31
5.3.2 Device Networking Configuration	32
5.3.3 User Account Management	33
5.3.4 SNMP Agent Configuration	35
5.3.5 Software Upgrade Configuration	36
5.3.6 Software Upgrade and Reboot Operation	
5.3.7 Network Time Synchronization	
5.3.8 Scheduling Job Management	42
5.3.9 Networking Service Management	
5.3.10 Network Trouble Shooting Operation	45
5.3.11 LCD Login Configuration	47
5.3.12 Event Management	48

5.4 Tributary Slot Interface Selection	53
5.4.1 E1 Interface Configuration	54
5.4.2 V.35 Interface Configuration	56
5.4.3 T1 (DS1) Interface Configuration	58
5.4.4 FXO/FXS Interface Configuration	59
5.5 Optical Interface Parameters Configuration	60
5.6 Trunk Ethernet Parameters Configuration	62
5.6.1 Introduction	62
5.6.2 Configuration	62
5.6.3 Trunk Ethernet General Parameter Config	63
5.6.4 Trunk Ethernet Parameter Config	67
5.6.5 Trunk Ethernet Rate Configuration	68
5.7 Data Port Parameter Configuration	69
5.8 PM Threshold Configuration	70
5.8.1 E1 Interface Threshold Setting	71
5.8.2 Aggregate Interface Threshold Setting	
5.9 Fault Management Parameters Configuration	74
5.9.1 Alarm Severity Config	
5.9.2 Power Failure Monitoring Parameter Config	
5.10 External Clock Configuration and Monitoring	
5.10.1 External Clock Config	
5.10.2 External Clock Monitoring	
5.1 OE Protection Switching	
5.12 Equipment Status Monitoring	
5.13 Performance Monitoring	
5.14 Path Alarm Monitoring	
5.15 Loopback/V.54 Testing	
5.15.1 Loopback Testing	
5.16 PRBS Test	
5.17 Event Browser	
Chapter 6. LCD Operating Instructions	
6.1 LCD Menu Tree	
Appendix	
A.1 External User Interface : Async Serial / RS-232	
A.2 Troubleshooting Guide	
A.3 Rack Mount Installation Guide	102

# **Chapter 1 Introduction**

## 1.1 Product Description

The FMUX01A/Plus is a powerful optical multiplexer which can aggregate up to four different types of services into a pair of fibers. Any combination of five types (4xE1, 4xT1 4xV.35, 4xX.21, 4xFXO, 4xFXS) of tributary cards are allowed to be plugged into the system. Along with a maximum tributary capacity of 16 E1 channels, the FMUX01A/Plus also provides two integrated 10/100M Ethernet interfaces, 1xRS-232 data port, and an Order Wire voice channel. The multiplexer supports 1+1 hot-swappable optical protection. The FMUX01A/Plus can be managed through SNMP, VT-100 serial port or local LCD/menu keys. It has provision for two sets of external alarm inputs and outputs. The FMUX01A/Plus is 1RU, 19" rack mountable chassis or it may be placed on a desktop or shelf.

## 1.2 Application Diagram

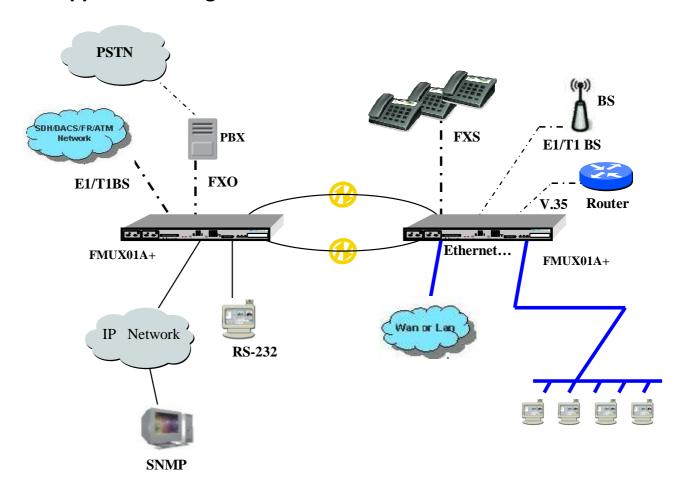


Figure 1-1 Application of FMUX01A/Plus

## 1.3 Product Features

■ Channel Capacity: 4, 8, 12, 16 E1, T1, or data communication service

Tributary card types: E1 interface (750hms or 1200hms)

T1 interface (100 ohms)

Datacom interface (V.35/RS-530/X.21)

Voice interface (FXO or FXS)

Optical module :Auto Laser shutdown, hot swappable 1+1 protection

Alarm relay contact: major and minor alarms

(audible and visible alarm output)

Supports SNMP management, TFTP remote software upgrade

■ Performance monitor : E1/T1 line performance CV, CRC, ES, SES.

■ Configurations can be backed up to non-volatile memory.

■ Provides the optical line local loopback and remote loopback function.

■ Low speed (E1,T1, datacom) local and remote loopback function

■ OE module : Class 1 Laser product. Safety Standard IEC 825 compliant.

■ Management interface : LCD / push button keys, VT-100 (RS-232 RJ-45), SNMP (Ethernet RJ-45)

External clock: E1 external TTL clock or PCM data Input through RJ-45 connector

■ 10/100M Ethernet : 2 x Ethernet ports (100M full rate total)

1 RS-232 data port : clear asynchronous channel
 External alarm : 2 sets of external alarm detection

## 1.4 Technical Specifications

## 1.4.1 Optical Interface

Optical Source : MLM 1310/1550nm
 Wavelength : 1310/1550 ± 50nm

■ System Gain: 19~30dB

■ Fiber connector types : SC,FC, or ST type

■ Bi-directional Fiber Optical Module (WDM Option on SC type)

#### 1.4.2 E1S module

■ Channel Capacity: 4 channels per module

■ Bit Rate: 2.048Mbps ± 50ppm ■ Line Code: HDB3 / AMI

■ Frame Format : Unframed (clear channel)

■ Electrical Interface : Compliant with international standards ITU-T G.703

■ Jitter Tolerance : Compliant with ITU-T G.823

■ Jitter Transfer : Compliant with ITU-T G.742, G.823

■ Line impedance :120 $\Omega$  (DB25 Wire Wrap or RJ-45) or 75 $\Omega$  (BNC)

Surge protection: Compliant with (or better than) IEC 1000-4-5 class 2 or FCC part 68

#### 1.4.3 T1 module

■ Channel Capacity: 4 channels per module

■ Bit Rate: 1.544Mbps ± 32ppm ■ Line Code: B8ZS / AMI

■ Frame Format: Unframed (clear channel)

■ Electrical Interface: Compliant with international standards ITU-T G.703

■ Jitter Tolerance: Compliant with ITU-T G.824

Jitter Transfer: Compliant with ITU-T G.742, G.824

■ Line impedance :  $100\Omega$  (DB25 Wire Wrap or RJ-45)

Surge protection: Compliance with (or better than) IEC 1000-4-5 class 2 or FCC part 68

■ Cable Compensation :5 segments Line Build Out

LBO1:0~133feet / LBO2:133~266feet / LBO3:266~399feet

LBO4:399~533feet / LBO5:533~655feet

#### 1.4.4 Datacom module

(Datacom module supports one channel (V35U1) or four channels (V35U) on each card)

■ Card types: V.35, RS-530, X.21

Data rates: n\*64K, n=1~32 (64~2048kb/s)

■ Clock mode : Internal, DTE, Recovery.

Control signal: CTS follows RTS, DSR always ON except at test loop mode, DCD always ON except at fiber loss of signal condition.

■ Loop-back : local loop back, remote loop back, V.54 (request remote loop back)

■ Connector : HD-68 (SCSI-III) Female with optional cables

HD-68 to 4\*V35 (MB34 female) cable

HD-68 to 4\*RS-530 (DB25 female) cable

HD-68 to 4\*X.21 (DB15 female) cable

# 1.5 Physical Specifications

■ Alarm contact : 4 relay contacts (DB-9 connector) --Reference Page 100 (A.1)

■ External alarm : 2 sets external alarm detection for central office monitoring

■ 1xRS-232 asynchronous clear channel. (9.6k~115.2K)

Order wire: Earphone jack, microphone jack

• Operate condition :  $0 \sim 60^{\circ}$ C,  $5\% \sim 95\%$  without condensing

■ EMI: Comply with CISPR 22 class A (EN55022), FCC part 15 class A subpart B.

■ MTBF : 48,000 hours minimum

# 1.6 Dimensions & Weight

W x D x H : 440 x 285 x 44.5 mm (17 3/8" x11 1/4" x 1 3/4") 3.7KG net (~ 8 lb.)

# 1.7 Power Supply

AC:90 ~ 240 V (47Hz ~ 63Hz)

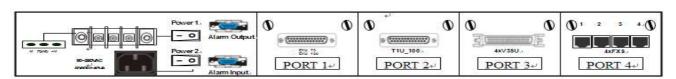
DC:-36 ~ -72 V

Power consumption 20W maximum

# 1.8 Ordering Information

Classification	Item					
Optical Link Type	Single Hot Swap Optical Link					
Optical Link Type	Dual Hot Swap Optical Link (1+1 auto protection)					
	1310nm Multi-Mode FP Laser Module, 2Km					
	1310nm Single-Mode FP Laser Module, 30Km					
	1310nm Single-Mode FP Laser Module, 50Km					
	1310nm Single-Mode DFB Laser Module, 80Km					
	1550nm Single-Mode DFB Laser Module, 120Km					
Laser Module Types	1310nmTx/1550nmRx Single Fiber, Single-Mode FP Laser Module, 20Km					
	1550nmTx/1310nmRx Single Fiber, Single-Mode FP Laser Module, 20Km					
	1310nmTx/1550nmRx Single Fiber, Single-Mode FP Laser Module, 40Km					
	1550nmTx/1310nmRx Single Fiber, Single-Mode DFB Laser Module, 40Km					
	1310nmTx/1550nmRx Single Fiber, Single-Mode FP Laser Module, 60Km					
	1550nmTx/1310nmRx Single Fiber, Single-Mode DFB Laser Module, 60Km					
	FC/PC Type Laser Module Connector					
Laser Module	SC Type Laser Module Connector (BiDi only has SC type)					
Connector Types	ST Type Laser Module Connector					
	Single AC Power Module					
	Dual AC power Module					
Power Module Type	Single DC Power Module					
	Dual DC Power Module					
	One AC and One DC Power Module					
	NEMA (USA)					
Power Cord (1.8 M)	Schuko (Germany)					
l ower cold (1.8 M)	UK					
	Australia					
	4E1 120 Ohm Balanced, Wire Wrap Adapter					
	4E1 120 Ohm Balanced, Wire Wrap Adapter with surge protection					
	4E1 120 Ohm Balanced, Twist Pair Adapter Cable					
E1 Card Adaptor (Performance	4E1 120 Ohm Balanced, Twist Pair Adapter Cable with surge protection					
Monitor Option)	4E1 120 Ohm Balanced, RJ-45 Adapter Cable					
	4E1 120 Ohm Balanced, RJ-45 Adapter Cable with surge protection					
	4E1 75 Ohm Un-Balanced, BNC Adapter Box					
	4E1 75 Ohm Un-Balanced, BNC Adapter Box with surge protection					
T1 Card Adaptor (Performance	4T1 100 Ohm Balanced, Wire Wrap Adapter					
Monitor Option)	4T1 100 Ohm Balanced, Twist Pair Adapter Cable					
4-X.21 Card	4x X.21					
FXO/FXS Card	4x FXO/FXS voice interface					
Ethernet Card	10/100 Fast Ethernet					
4-V35 Card	4xV35					
External clock(Option)	With External clock					
Laterial Crock(Option)	Without External clock					

## 1.9 Rear Panel View



# **Chapter 2 Installation**

This chapter provides the information needed to install the FMUX01A/Plus. It is important to follow the installation instruction to ensure normal operation of the system and to prevent damages due to human error.



Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install or replace this equipment.

# 2.1 Unpacking

If there is a possibility for future relocation of the FMUX01A/Plus system, please save the cartons and protective packaging materials. The following items are shipped with your FMUX01A/Plus: One FMUX01A/Plus user's manual (CDROM), AC power cord(s) and DB9-RJ45 console cable. One (or numerous units of) FMUX01A/Plus chassis system

Please carefully unpack and inspect the unit and accessories for potential damage or missing parts. Contact your shipper immediately if you suspect any damage during transit. Contact our nearest sales representative or our company directly if you are missing any parts. Improper handling during shipment may cause early failure.

# 2.2 Site Requirements

The FCC (Federal Communications Commission, USA) requires telecommunication equipment to withstand electrical surge that may result from lighting strikes. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with those FCC requirements. Users should follow the precautions below to insure safety and minimize the risk of damage to the equipment or personnel:

- Make sure that the power outlet is properly grounded.
- Proper grounding should include a minimum of:
   A ground rod buried outside the building at least 8 feet (2.44 meters) deep.

#### 2.3 Site Selection

In order to allow easy access to the equipment, leave at least 36 inches (90 cm) clearance in the front and at least 4 inches (10.2 cm) at the rear.

To avoid overheating, leave at least 1 inch (2.5 cm) on either side of FMUX01A/Plus. Also, do not stack other equipment on top of FMUX01A/Plus.

### 2.4 DC Electrical Outlet Connection

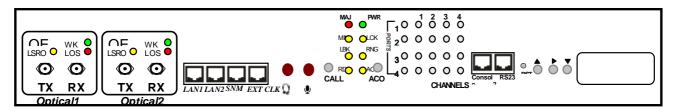
For safety and to prevent damage to the FMUX01A/Plus, make sure that the power requirements match those of your electric outlets. Connect power and ground to the FMUX01A/Plus. Connect all cables before powering on the equipment.

# 2.5 Laser Safety

Radiation emitted by laser devices can be dangerous to human eyes. Avoid eye exposure to this direct or indirect radiation.

# **Chapter 3 Panel Description**

### 3.1 Front Panel



(1) Optical 1/2: LSRON LED Yellow light when the laser is on

LOS LED Red light when there is a loss of optical signal

WK LED Working path indicator
RX Optical Receiver Port
TX Optical Transmitter Port

(2) LAN1/2 port: 100M full rate ports

(3) SNMP Port: RJ-45 connector to SNMP management system

(4) EXT CLK Port(Option): External clock input; 2,048 MHz TTL CLOCK or E1 PCM
 (5) Order Wire Port: Earphone and Microphone jack for order wire application

(6) CALL Button: Activate/deactivate the order wire

(7) ACO Button: Alarm Cut Off; Yellow light when the ACO button is pressed to manually

disable the audible alarm when a problem occurs. If any newer alarm is reported after the ACO button has been pressed, the external alarm will

activate again.

(8) MAJ LED: Red light when there is a Major Alarm present

(9) MIN LED: Yellow LED lights when there is a Minor Alarm present

(10) LBK LED: Yellow LED lights when there is a loopback function presents.

(11) RDI LED: Remote Defect Indication;

Indicates a failure in the remote terminal

(12) PWR LED: Green LED lights when power module active.

(13) LCK LED: Optical link Lock; Locks the system if switched to protect line 6 times within

10 minutes

(14) RNG LED: Yellow LED lights when the order-wire function is active.

(15) ACO LED: Alarm Cut Off function indicator

(16) Console Port: For VT-100 screen setup

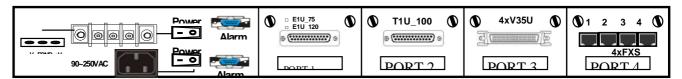
(17) RS232 : clear channel RS-232 data transmission and receive port.

(18) RST Button: Restart the system

(19) Push Buttons: ■ ► ▼ Three control and configuration buttons for FMUX01A/Plus

## 3.2 Rear Panel

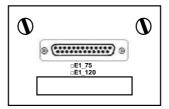
Power Switches: On/Off switch for each power main



The FMUX01A/Plus provides three major types of tributary interfaces cards (E1/T1, Datacom, & Voice) and five different power supply combinations (Single AC, Single DC, Dual AC, Dual DC, & AC+DC)

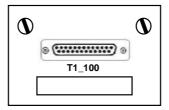
#### (a) E1 tributary card

One DB-25 pin female connector for input/output of 4 channels E1 signal. There are two types of E1 cards,  $75\Omega$  with BNC adapter or  $120\Omega$  with RJ-45 or wire-wrap adapter.



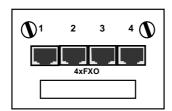
#### (b) T1 tributary card

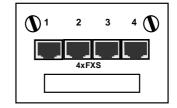
One DB-25 pin female connector for input/output of 4 channels T1 (DS1) signal. The T1 has a single card type,  $100\Omega$ , with RJ-45 or wire-wrap adapter.



#### (c) FXO/FXS tributary cards

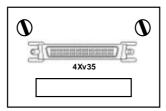
FXO or Foreign Exchange Office, is a telephone signaling interface that receives POTS, or "plain old telephone service". The FXO interface connects to central office or PBX. Foreign Exchange Station, or FXS, is a telephone interface which provides battery power, sends dial tone, and generates ringing voltage. A standard telephone plugs into such an interface to receive telephone service. There are 4 channels on each tributary card with each channel providing 64kbps voice bandwidth. The connectors are all RJ-45, which also readily accept RJ-11 connectors as well.





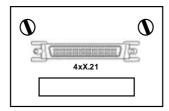
## (d) V.35 tributary card

This 4 channel V.35 card, also requires HD68 to 4xMB34F adapter cable to connect to V.35 interface.



## (e) X.21 tributary card

This 4 channel X.21 card, also requires HD68 to 4xDB15F adapter cable to connect to X.21 interface.



Any of the above cards may be plugged into any tributary slot  $1 \sim 4$ . (Port  $1 \sim Port 4$ )

# **Chapter 4 Quick Start**

The FMUX01A/Plus control interface provides two modes of operation. First, a serial console port, for local provisioning; and second, a LAN port for remote provisioning of the system.

#### 4.1 Console Port

#### Prerequisites:

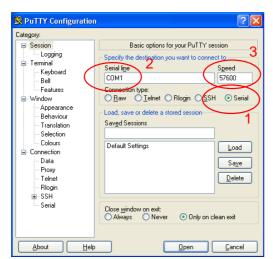
Any PC running Windows 98/2000/XP can be used as a console. Use the supplied DB9F to RJ-45 RS-232 cable and connect the console port to the COM port of PC to be used as a terminal. Connect the RJ-45 to the port on the face of the FMUX01A/Plus, labeled "Console".

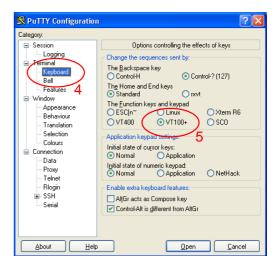
Windows® HyperTerminal<sup>TM</sup> program has known issues when it comes to using function keys. If you use HyperTerminal, only the function keys F1~F4 will operate properly. To avoid this problem, we strongly recommend using other free terminal software, such as PuTTY or TeraTerm (search Google<sup>TM</sup>).

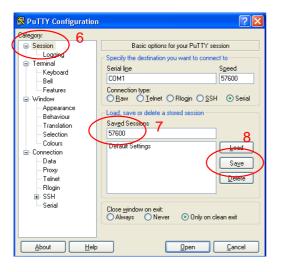
## 4.1.1 PuTTY Settings

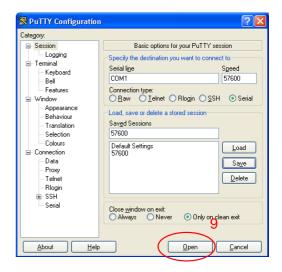
Getting PuTTY: The program is copyright by Simon Tatham, the developer's website is at; http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/

go to the download section and get the item under "A Windows installer for everything except PuTTYtel" Special considerations: none, PuTTY has a free license to use, copy, modify, merge, distribute, etc.

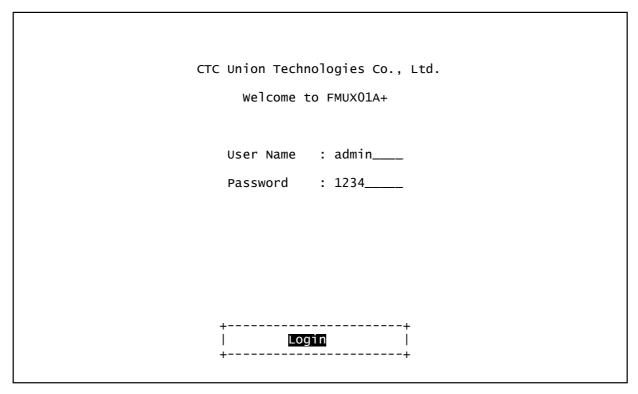






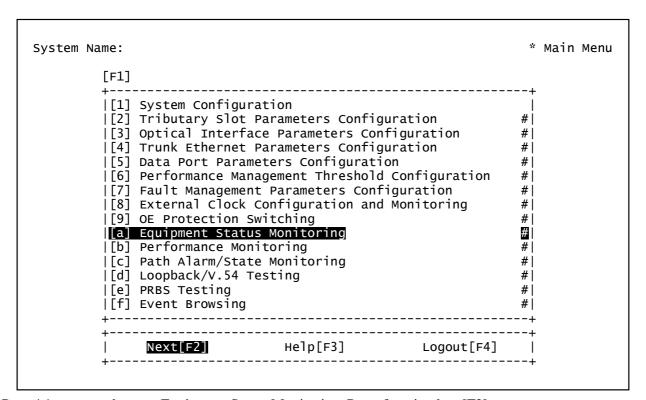


## 4.1.2 Console Login



The factory default username is 'admin' and password is '1234'.

#### 4.1.3 Main Menu



Press 'a' or arrow down to Equipment Status Monitoring. Press function key [F2].

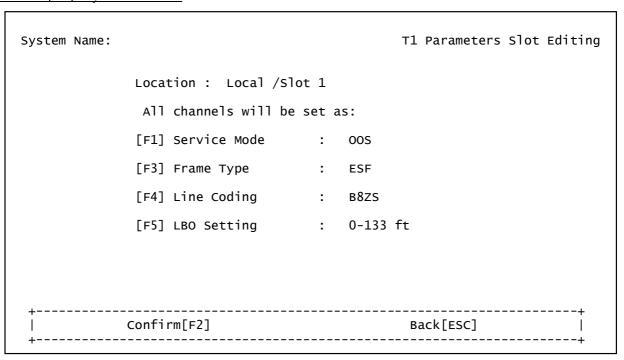
### 4.1.4 Equipment Status

INK 2/FDX 3/100M	1 4/10M
G G G	G G
G G G	G G
G G G	G G
INK 2/FDX 3/100M	4/10M
G G G	G G
G G C	G G
G G 0	G G
G (	G (

The screen is divided horizontally, displaying the local unit <Lo> on top and the remote unit <Re> on the bottom. Each horizontal screen is again divided vertically, with alarm indicators, optical and power statuses on the left and the Fast Ethernet trunk and tributary cards on the right. Use [F1] to toggle between local and remote unit. Use the [F2], [F3], [F4] or [F5] to edit the tributary card settings.

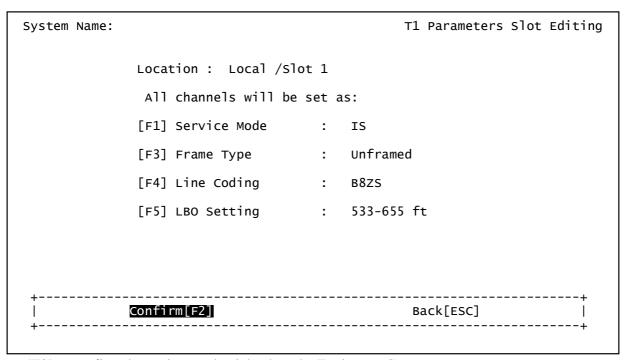
## 4.1.5 E1/T1 Tributary Card Configuration

In this example we have a 4xT1 in slot 1, FXO/FXS Voice card in slot 2, and 4xE1 cards in slots 3 & 4. Press the [F2] key to edit slot 1.



Use the function keys [F1], [F3]~[F5] to select the configuration menu items, use the "space bar" to toggle the different parameters for each setting. Press [F1] for 'Service Mode' and press "space" to toggle service between "OOS" and "IS" (OOS=Out of Service, IS=In Service). Press [F2] and "space" until the parameter is "Unframed". Finally press [F2] to confirm.

The following shows the screen after setting service mode "in service" (IS), setting unframed, line code B8ZS and LBO (Line Build Out).



<u>Press [F2] to confirm the settings</u> and exit back to the Equipment Status menu. Repeat the same for the remote unit.

The following is an example of T1 and E1 channels with alarm. The channels have Red LED alarm. If the T1 or E1 lines are not connected to the multiplexer, this would be a normal condition, i.e. Signal Loss.

Lo> HwVer: 1.0.3  Optical   TB CH/ETH	1/LINK	2/FDX 3/	/100M	4/10M
MAJ: R PWR: G   [OE1] [OE2]   LAN 1	-	-	-	-
MIN: - LCK: -   LSR: Y LSR: Y   LAN 2			-	
LBK: -    RNG: -   LOS: -   LOS: -   LAN M RDI: -    ACO: -      WK: G    WK: -   TB1/G   4xT1S	- R	– R	– R	– R
	•	K -	K _	K _
[PWR1]: F [FAN]: - [ExtAlm1]: L   TB3/G4xE1S/B		R	R	R
[PWR2]: - [EXTA]m2]: L   TB4/G4XE1S/B		R	R	R
Re> HwVer:	 1/LINK	2/FDX 3/	 /100м	 4/10м
MAJ: R PWR: G   [OE1] [OE2]   LAN 1	_,	_, ,	_	-
MIN: LCK:   LSR: Y LSR: Y   LAN 2	_	-	-	_
LBK: RNG:   LOS:   LAN M	_	_	-	-
RDI: ACO:   WK: G WK:   TB1/G 4xT1S	R	R	R	R
TB2/G 4xFXS	-	-	-	-
[PWR1]: $F$ [FAN]: [ExtA]m1]: $L$   TB3/G4xE1S/B	B R	R	R	R
[PWR2]: $[ExtAlm2]: L \mid TB4/G4xE1S/B$	R R	R	R	R

Next we need to configure the tributary in the Remote FMUX01A/Plus.

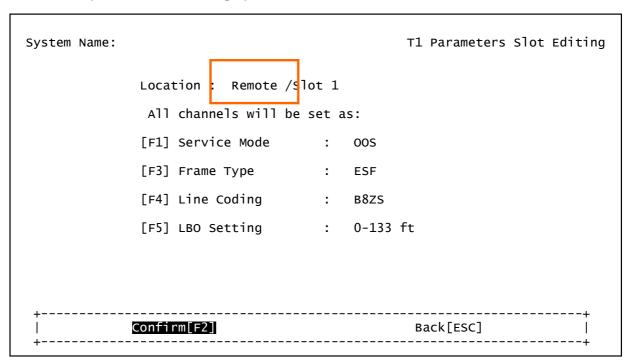
Press [F1] to toggle to the Remote unit.

The menu bar at the bottom of the screen now selects the tributary cards for the remote unit.

<lo> HwVe</lo>	r: 1.0.3	Opti	cal	TB C	H/E	TH	1/LINK	2/FDX	3/100M	4/10M
MAJ: R	PWR: G	[OE1]	[OE2]	LAN	1		-	-	-	-
MIN: -	LCK: -	LSR: Y	LSR: Y	LAN	2		_	-	-	-
LBK: -	RNG: -	LOS: -	LOS: -	LAN	M		_	-	-	-
RDI: -	ACO: -	WK: G	WK: -	TB1/	G	4xT1S	R	R	R	R
				TB2/	'G	4xFX0	-	-	-	-
[PWR1]:	F [FAN]:	- [ExtA	lm1]: L	TB3/	G4x	E1S/B	R	R	R	R
[PWR2]:	-	[ExtA	lm2]: L	TB4/	G4x	E1S/B	R	R	R	R
 <re> HwVe</re>	:r:	Opti	 cal	   TB C	H/E	TH	1/LINK	2/FDX	3/100M	4/10M
MAJ: R		[OE1]	[OE2]	LAN	1		· –	· –	· –	· –
MIN:	LCK:	LSR: Y	LSR: Y	LAN	2		_	_	-	_
LBK:	RNG:	LOS:	LOS:	LAN	M		_	_	_	_
RDI:	ACO:	WK: G	WK:	TB1/	G	4xT1S	R	R	R	R
				TB2/	'G	4xFXS	_	_	_	_
[PWR1]:	F [FAN]:	[ExtA	lm1]: L	TB3/	G4x	E1S/B	R	R	R	R
[PWR2]:		[ExtA	lm2]: L	TB4/	G4x	E1S/B	R	R	R	R
Re->Lo[F1	TR1 Ed	lit[F2]	TB2 Fdit	Γ <b>F</b> 31	TR3	Fdi+1	F41 TR	4 Fdit	F51 Ba	ck[ESC]

Use the function keys again to select the appropriate tributary card for configuration. In our example we'll use the T1 card in slot 1. So press [F2]. (For TB1 or tributary slot 1)

Remote tributary slot 1 screen will display.



Follow the same procedure to use the function keys [F1], [F3]~[F5] to select the configuration menu items, use the "space bar" to toggle the different parameters for each setting. Press [F1] for 'Service Mode' and press "space" to toggle service between "OOS" and "IS" (OOS=Out of Service, IS=In Service). Press [F2] and "space" until the Frame Type is "Unframed". Finally press [F2] to confirm.

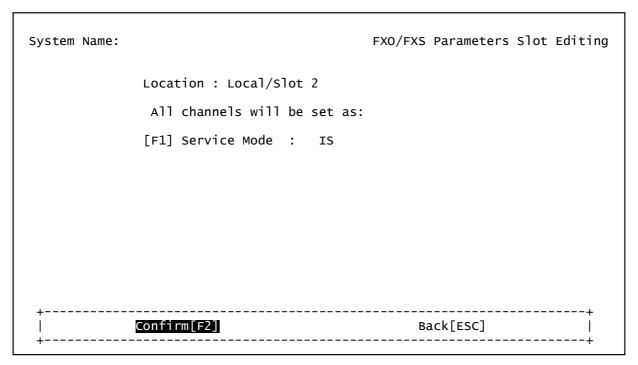
The following screen shows that T1 and E1 for both local and remote units are in-service and without alarms. The "G" indicates the front panel is showing the green LED.

System Name:		Equip	ment Sta	atus Mon	itoring
Clo> HwVer: 1.0.3   Optical   MAJ: R PWR: G   [OE1] [OE2]   MIN: - LCK: -   LSR: Y LSR: Y   LSK: Y   LOS: - LOS:   RDI: - ACO: -   WK: G WK:		- - - - - -	2/FDX - - - G - G G	3/100M - - - G - G G	4/10M   -   -   G   -   G   G
<re> HwVer: 1.0.3   Optical     MAJ: R</re>	LAN M   TB1/G 4xT1S   TB2/G 4xFXO   TB3/G4xE1S/B	- - - - - -	2/FDX - - - G - G G	3/100M - - - G - G G	4/10M   -   -   G   G   G
Re->Lo[F1] TB1 Edit[F2]	TB2 E	dit[F3]		Back[E	:SC]

Continue the same logical configuration method until all the E1/T1 tributary cards are configured for local and remote units.

## 4.1.6 FXO/FXS Configuration

The FXO/FXS cards have only one setting, the in or out of service setting. Use [F1] to select the service mode and then use the "space bar" to toggle between IS or OSS.



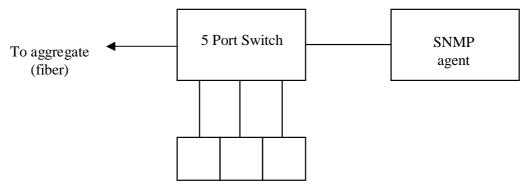
Confirm the settings by keying [F2].

## 4.1.7 Ethernet Trunk Configuration

#### 4.1.7.1 Introduction

The trunk Ethernet refers to the 100Mbps trunk speed within the 155M fiber link reserved for the dedicated Ethernet channel. The remaining link speed is utilized for the tributary card transmissions (E1, T1, V.35, FXO/FXS), embedded operations channel, asynchronous RS-232 channel, order wire and proprietary framing overhead. The trunk Ethernet terminates in each multiplexer at a 5-Port 10/100 Ethernet Switch Controller. Three Ethernet LAN ports are available by RJ-45 connection on the front panel.

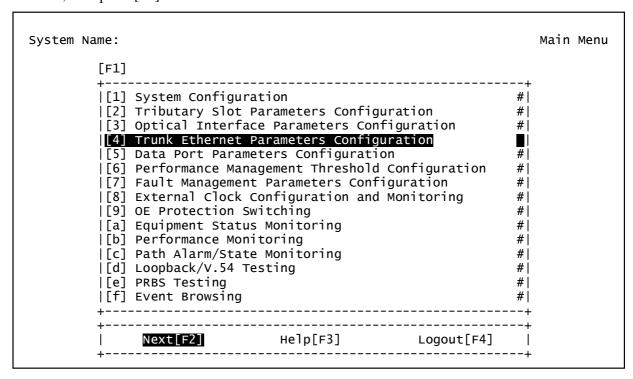
The following figure shows how the switch is incorporated into the multiplexer. The SNMP agent is internally connected to the 5 port switch.



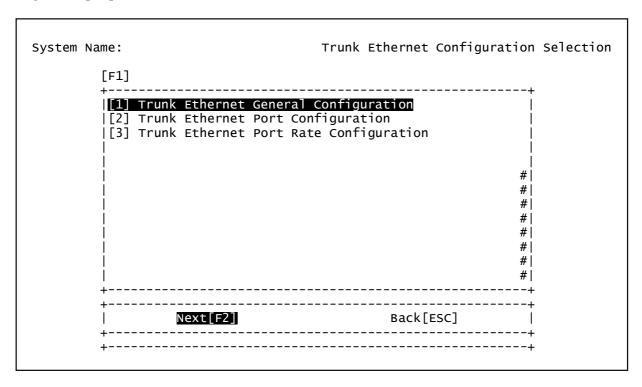
LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

#### 4.1.7.2 Configuration

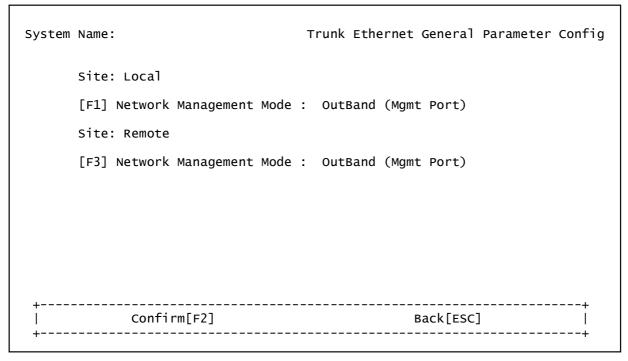
From the main menu, arrow down or keyin '4' to select the *Trunk Ethernet Parameters Configuration* menu item, then press [F2].



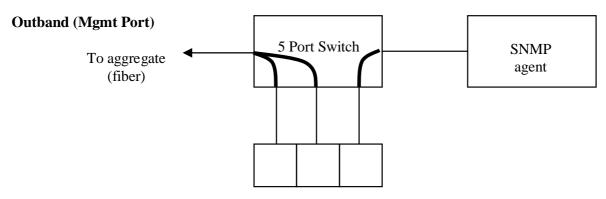
The Trunk Ethernet Configuration menu is displayed below. There are three options. The first option, *General Configuration*, sets up one of five different schemes of port mirroring and will be explained in detail later. The *Ethernet Port Configuration* sets the service (IS or OOS), negotiation, speed, duplex and flow control per port. The third menu *Port Rate Configuration*, provides ingress/egress bandwidth configuration per port.



Press [F2] to enter the *General Configuration* menu.

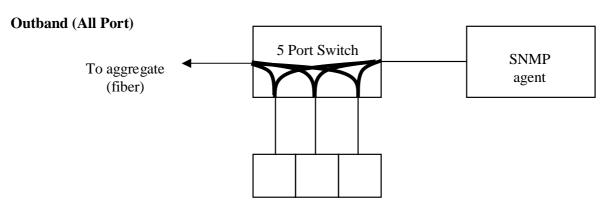


Function key [F1] selects the local unit while [F3] selects the remote unit. Use the 'space' key to toggle the five different setting options.



LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

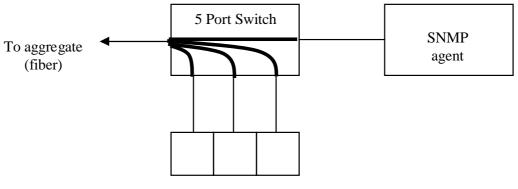
In this scenario, the two ports LAN1 and LAN2 will link to the aggregate channel. The management port, SNMP, links directly to the SNMP agent (out-band) and cannot pass traffic to the aggregate. Any connection to the LAN ports or from the remote multiplexer will not be able to access the SNMP agent or SNMP front panel port. This is the default setting.



LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

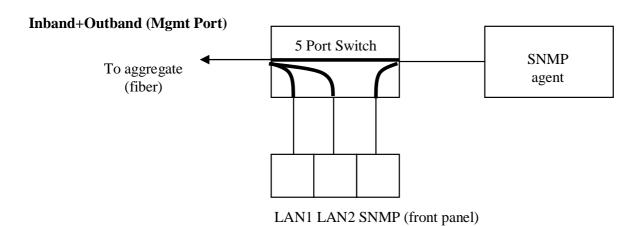
In this scenario, all three ports may connect directly to the SNMP agent (out-band) and to the aggregate link. There is no link between the aggregate and the SNMP agent. The remote multiplexer cannot access the SNMP agent.

#### Inband

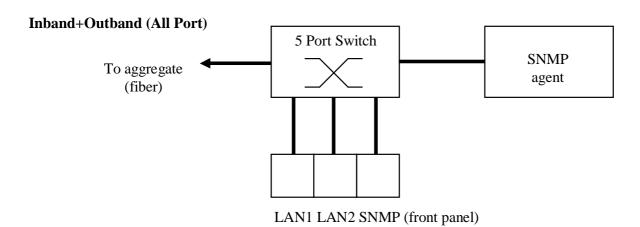


LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

In this scenario, all three local ports will link to the aggregate channel. The SNMP agent is managed remotely through the aggregate channel (in-band). There is no local access to the SNMP agent.



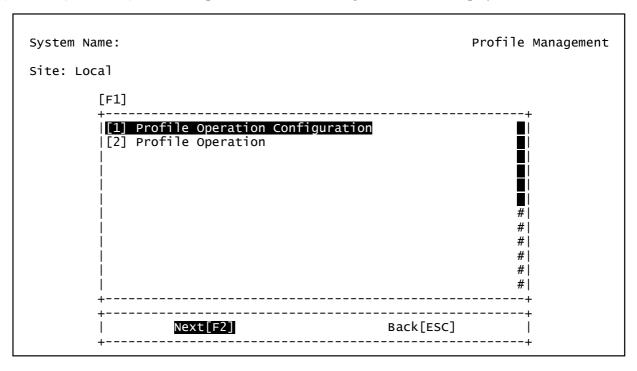
In this scenario, the two front panel ports, LAN1 and LAN2, connect to the fiber aggregate. The front panel SNMP port connects directly to the SNMP agent. The SNMP agent is also accessible from the aggregate (in-band) for remote management.



In this scenario, all ports are connected together as a normal switching HUB. Both in-band and out-band management are supported (local and remote) and all three front panel ports may be used as LAN1, LAN2 and LAN3 freely.

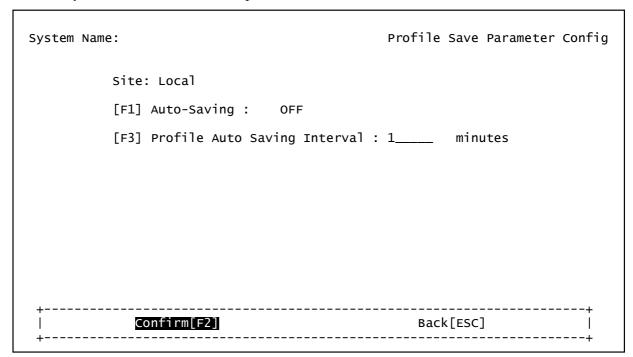
## 4.1.8 Profile Management

The active changes need to be saved if they are to be used during next power up or reboot. Use [ESC] to return to the *Main Menu*, select item "1" and press [F2] to go to *System Configuration*. Select item 'd', *System Profile Management*, and press [F2]. The following screen will be displayed.



#### 4.1.8.1 Profile Save Parameter Config

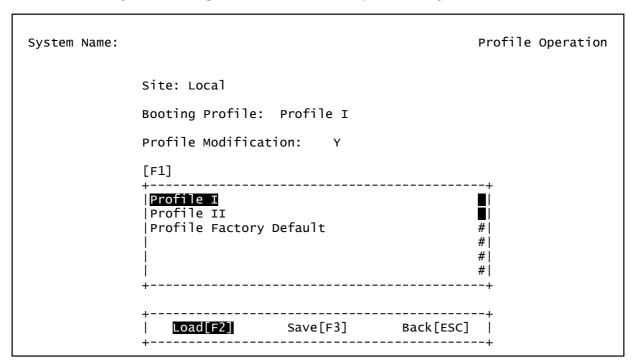
Pressing [F2] from the *Profile Management* page will bring up the *Profile Save Parameter Config* page. Use this page to enable or disable the "auto save" function and the set the "auto save interval". When auto save is enabled, changes made to the configuration by any means (LCD, Console, Web, etc.) will automatically be saved to Profile I at the predefined time interval.



The FMUX01A/Plus provides an Auto-Saving function, and auto saving interval.

#### 4.1.8.2 Profile Operation

The FMUX01A/Plus has three profile locations in non-volatile memory. Profile I and Profile II may contain user configured profile data. The factory default profile is read-only and set at factory. Loading this profile will restore all settings of the multiplexer back to their factory default originals.



The profile settings can be selected between the local or remote multiplexer. The default boot profile may be configured so that this is the profile automatically loaded when the multiplexer is cold started.

If the active profile had been changed during the configuration process, the "Profile Modification" will show "Y". This reminds the user that in order to keep settings, the profile must be saved.

You may select either profile I or II then press [F3] function to save the current active configuration to it. The next subsequent boot process will automatically configure the system with the saved profile. You may also select either profile I or II then press [F2] function to immediately load the previously saved profile into active configuration.

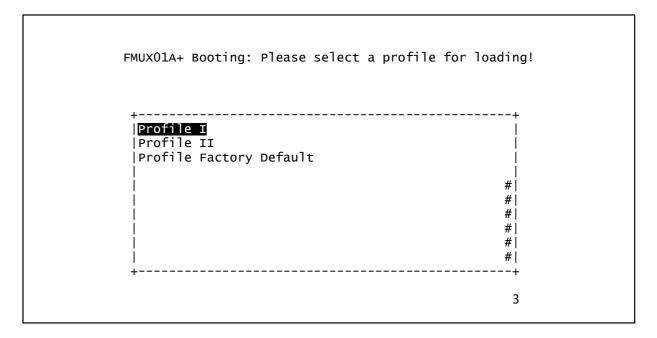
To restore to factory default, simply use the up/down arrow keys to highlight the *Profile Factory Default*, then press [F2] and confirm the load with <OK>. If you want to reboot with factory defaults, then you need to load the factory default and then save it to the default boot profile.

# **Chapter 5 Operation**

This chapter will describe in more detail all the operational menu screens and functions of the FMUX01A/Plus.

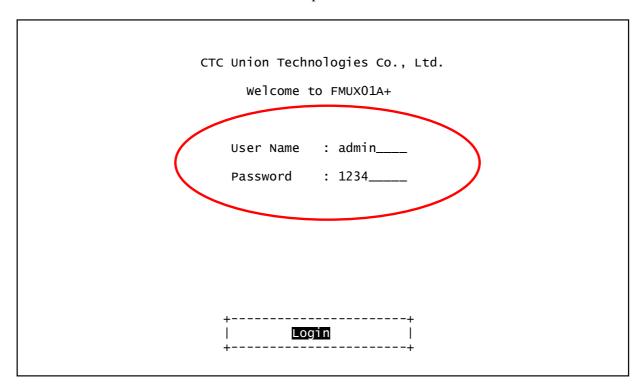
# 5.1 Startup Loading / Booting and Login Screen

When user first starts up the FMUX01A/Plus equipment, the profile loading screen will be displayed briefly. With no other user intervention, the Profile I will be automatically loaded. The user may also select Profile II or factory default to be loaded at startup.

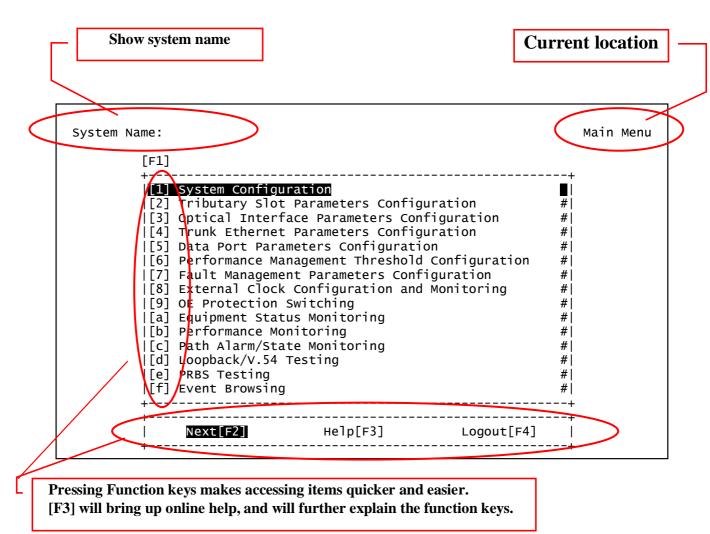


The system has built in self-diagnostic functions that are performed during the booting procedure. The self-diagnostic function includes system memory access test, system main clock test and tributary card access test. The boot test screen will be shown before the user login screen.

Enter FMUX01A/Plus Login Screen through the console port. Please key in the User Name and User Password. The default username is **admin** and the password is **1234**.



### 5.2 Main Menu



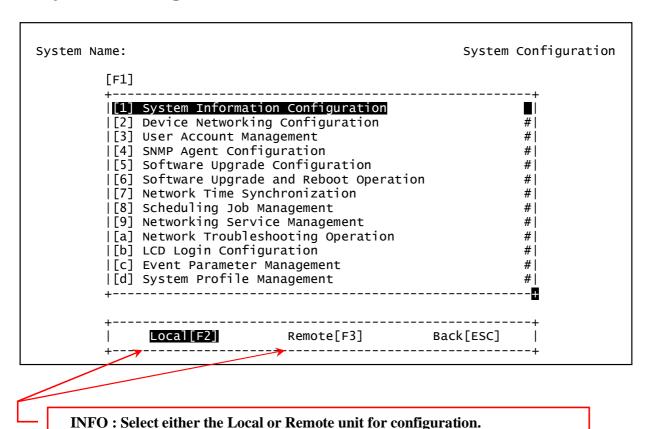
Note: Not all terminal emulation programs support the use of function keys. Therefore, we recommend using free third party programs such as PuTTY, TeraTerm, or HyperTerminal Personal Edition (HyperTerminal PE). See the Quick Start chapter for configuration of PuTTY.

After entering the main menu, select one of nine functions.

- 1. System Configuration (see 5.3)
- 2. Tributary Slot Parameters Configuration (see 5.4)
- 3. Optical Interface Parameters Configuration (see 5.5)
- 4. Trunk Ethernet Parameters Configuration (see 5.6)
- 5. Data Port Parameters Configuration (see 5.7)
- 6. PM Threshold Configuration (see 5.8)
- 7. Fault Management Parameters Configuration (see 5.9) f. Event Browsing (see 5.17)
- 8. External Clock Configuration and Monitoring (see 5.10)

- 9. OE Protection Switching (see 5.11)
- a. Equipment Status Monitoring (see 5.12)
- b. Performance Monitoring (see 5.13)
- c. Path Alarm /State Monitoring (see 5.14)
- d. Loopback/V.54 Testing (see 5.15)
- e. PRBS Testing (see 5.16)

# 5.3 System Configuration



System Configuration the menu includes the following selections.

System Information Configuration (name, location, contact, time settings)

Device Networking Configuration (device IP, netmask, and gateway)

User Account Management (assign users to one of three management groups)

SNMP Agent Configuration (configure SNMP managers, community strings, traps)

Software Upgrade Configuration (set upgrade server, upgrade image file)

Software Upgrade and Reboot Operation (perform local and/or remote upgrade and reboot)

Network Time Synchronization (setup NTP)

Scheduling Job Management (manage CRON operations)

Networking Service Management (enable/disable SNMP, Telnet, FTP services)

Network Troubleshooting Operation (Ping testing)

LCD Login Configuration (LCD password)

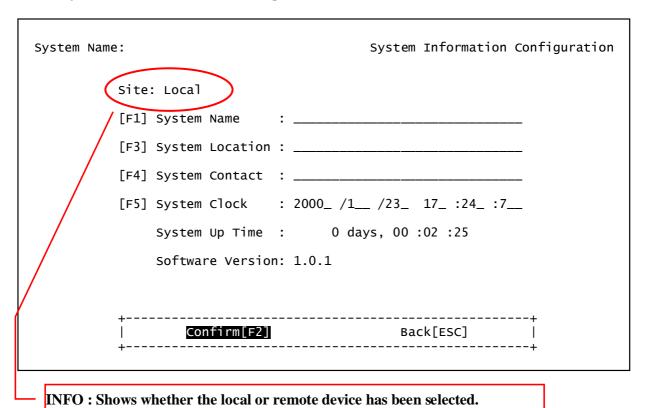
Event parameter Management (view/clear event log)

System Profile Management (configuration saving, factory reset, profile manager)

Press [F1] function key to select item  $1 \sim$  item d, and use the up or down key to shift the items. Please select the item or [ESC] to previous menu.

The detail description of each item will be mentioned in the following sections.

## **5.3.1 System Information Configuration**



The system administrator can key in the System Name with less than 255 characters, the location of the

system, and the contact person.

The system clock can be set by entering the correct time. This screen can show the running time of the system and the software version.

After the setting any of above items, please make sure to press [F2] to save them.

## **5.3.2 Device Networking Configuration**

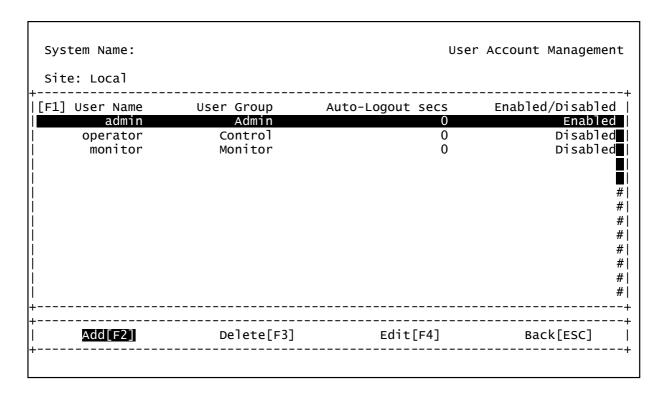
```
Device Networking Configuration
System Name:
    Site: Local
    [F1] Device IP Address
                                  : 172_ . 24__ . 1___ . 130_
    [F3] Device IP NetMask
                                  : 255_ . 255_ . 255_ . 0___
    [F4] Default Gateway IP Address: 172_ . 24__ . 1___ . 254_
    Running IP Status:
         Mac Address
                                   : 00.02.AB.0F.5C.F4
         Running IP Address : 172.24.1.130
         Running IP NetMask : 255.255.255.0
         Running Gateway IP Address: 172.24.1.254
         Confirm[F2]
                           Set Only[F5]
                                               Back[ESC]
```

The system administrator can set the system device IP, subnet mask and default gateway on this screen.

[F2] Confirm: When administrator changes any IP related data, press [F2] function and the system will directly execute and the settings will become the new running IP status.

[F5]Set Only: When administrator changes any IP related data, press [F5] to storage in temporary memory. The system will wait until [F2] is pressed before becoming running IP status.

## **5.3.3 User Account Management**



FMUX01A/Plus provides three levels of the user groups.

Admin: the administrator group account can execute all functions.

Control :the controller group account can execute all functions except the System Configuration.

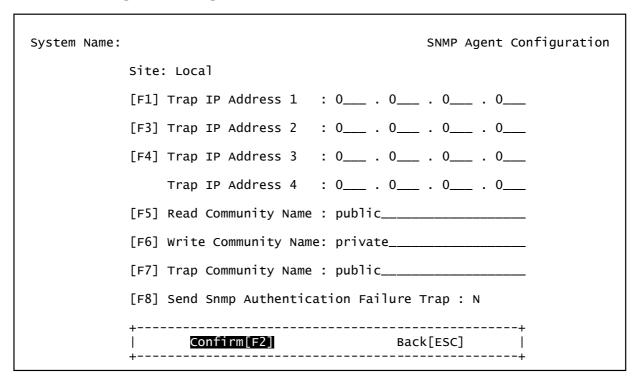
Monitor :the monitor group account only can monitor the system except that execute setting command.

System Name:		Add User Account
	Site: Local	
	[F1] User Name :	
	[F3] Password :	
	[F4] Confirm Password :	
	[F5] User Group : Admin	
	[F6] Auto-Logout Seconds: 0	
	[F7] Account Status : Enabled	
	++ 	

The default Auto-Logout Seconds is 0, which means the auto-logout function is disabled.

Administrator can also disable the account status.

## **5.3.4 SNMP Agent Configuration**



The FMUX01A/Plus can assign four sets of the Manager IP address to send Traps.

The default Read Community is public.

The default Write Community is private.

The default Trap Community is public.

Enable the "Send SNMP Authentication Failure Trap" function to send trap when the user authentication fails.

## **5.3.5 Software Upgrade Configuration**

### 5.3.5.1 Remote Server Method

	Site: Local	
	[F1] Software Source : Remote Se	rver
	[F3] Access Protocol : FTP —	
	[F4] Server IP Address: 0 0_	0 0
	[F5] File Name :	
	[F6] Login User Name :	
	Login Password :	
+   +	Confirm[F2]	·

FMUX01A/Plus can support System Software Upgrade using one of two different methods. Remote Server or Local File

For Remote server source selection:

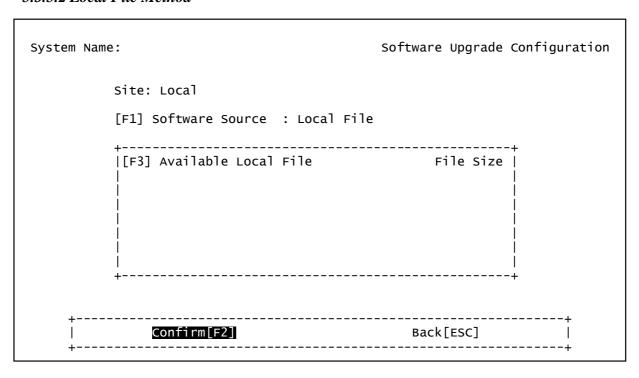
Access Protocol: select the protocol you want to use, i.e. TFTP or FTP Server IP Address: the server IP address where the new firmware is saved.

File Name : the filename of new firmware. (ex:\*.cmp)

Login User Name: key in the remote server's user name (for FTP only). Login Password: key in the remote server's password (for FTP only).

Press [F2] to start the upgrade.

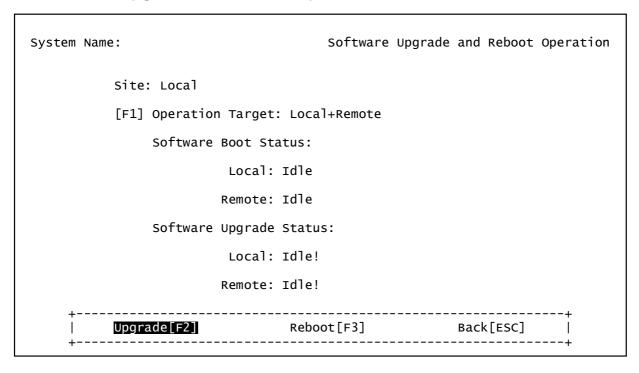
#### 5.3.5.2 Local File Method



For Local File source selection: The screen will show the available file stored in the system.

When you place an image file in the local unit, if you restart or power cycle re-boot, that image will no longer be available.

## 5.3.6 Software Upgrade and Reboot Operation



This function is used to upgrade the local and/or remote unit, or reboot the unit. To run upgrade the user must first complete the setting of the *Software Upgrade Configuration*.

When user selects the [F3] Reboot command item in local or remote side, the display will show the message :

```
"Start rebooting!",
"Ongoing!",
"Complete, Bye-!",
"None"
```

When user executes the Upgrade command item in local or remote side, the display will show the status:

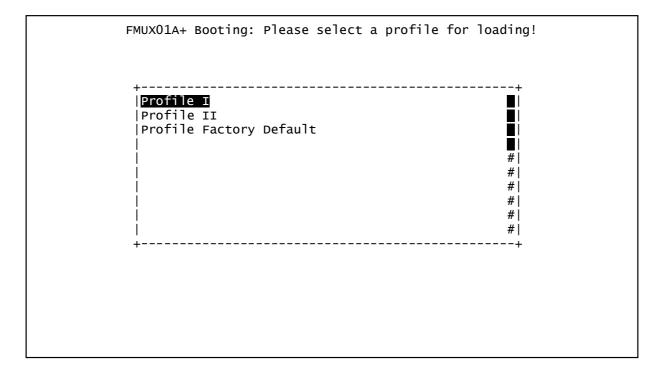
```
"Start upgrading!",
"Connecting!",
"Transferring!",
"Loading!",
"DeCompressing!",
"Flash writing!",
"Sending!",
"Upgrading complete!",
"Error!",
"None"
```

When there is a software upgrade error, the display will show one of the following error messages:

```
"Internal error!",
"Local file not found!",
"Information incomplete!",
"Upgrading is running!",
"Connect failed!",
"Transfer failed!",
"Read failed!",
"Image file too large!",
"Disconnect failed!",
"Decompress code failed!",
"Invalid image format!",
"Abort by user!",
"None!"
```

When the unit first boots, the profile selection screen will be displayed. Profile I will load by default without any user interaction after three seconds. Please select a profile to be loaded by using up/down arrow keys.

If you want to hold the screen, please press any key.



### 5.3.7 Network Time Synchronization

```
        System Name:
        Network Time Synchronization

        Site: Local
        $ystem Clock
        : 2000_ /1__ /23_ 17_ :36_ :54_

        [F1] Clock Server IP Address : 0___ . 0__ . 0__ . 0___
        . 0___ . 0___ . 0___

        [F3] Time Zone
        : GMT

        [F4] Operation Target
        : Local

        Running Status: Local : Idle
        Remote : Idle

**Confirm[F2] Synchronize[F5] Back[ESC] | **Confirm[F2] Synchronize[F5] Synchronize[F5
```

The system provides the ability to synchronize time to time server using standard NTP protocol. Setup the time server's IP address and set the time zone. Then execute the Start synchronizing command [F5]. The system clock will be automatically corrected via Network Time Protocol.

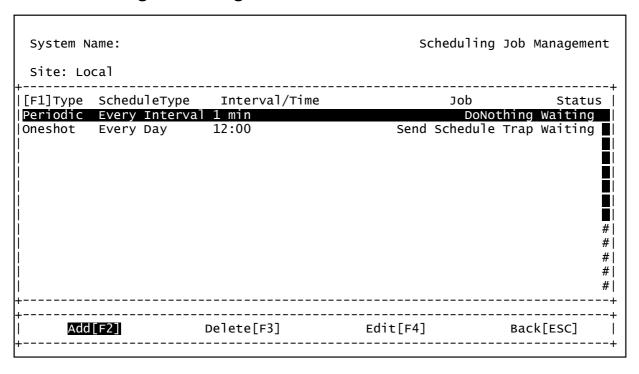
When user selects the synchronization command item in local or remote side, and "running status" will show the following messages :

```
"Start Synchronizing!"
"Synchronizing !",
"Synchronizing Complete!",
"Synchronizing Error!",
```

When any error of synchronization occurs, one of the below error messages will shown:

```
"Internal Error!",
"Information Incomplete!",
"Synchronization is running!",
"Time Get Error!",
"Abort by user!",
"Timeout!",
"No Error"
```

## 5.3.8 Scheduling Job Management



The Scheduling Job Management function provides the automatic timely reporting capability. The system administrator can arrange the schedule for every kind of job. The job description is following as below.

Site: Local

[F1] Job Type: Periodic

[F3] Time Type: Every Interval

[F4] Interval (min): 1\_\_\_\_\_\_

[F5] Job: Do Nothing

| Confirm[F2] Back[ESC] |

Job Type:

Periodic (set a time period to do some scheduled task) One shot (perform a scheduled task just one time) Booting (perform a task at boot time)

Schedule Type: Every Interval / Every Day

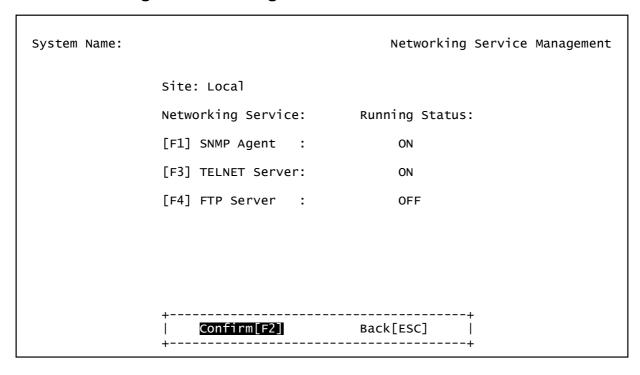
Interval/Time: Setting the interval time in minutes

Set specific time for every day schedule

Job : Send Schedule Trap, Send Time Sync Request Trap, Software Upgrade, Network Time Synchronization, System Reboot, or Do Nothing.

Press [F2] to confirm.

### **5.3.9 Networking Service Management**

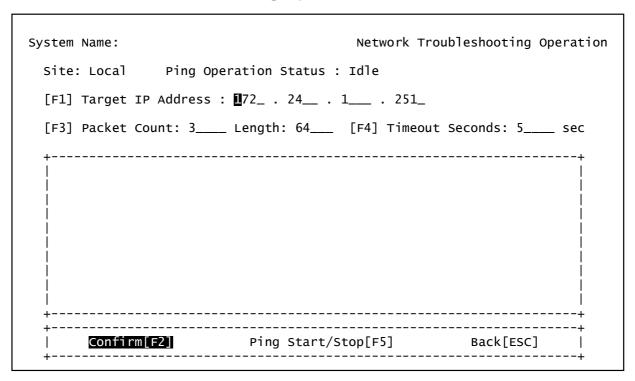


The system can turn on or turn off the functions of the SNMP Agent, TELNET Server, and FTP Server.

When FTP Server starts up, the device can act as a client or server. However there is only a small amount of memory storage, enough for user to do software upgrade and save EventLog.

Info: When you place the upgrade image file locally, if you restart or power cycle, the image will disappear.

## **5.3.10 Network Trouble Shooting Operation**



This function can provide tests to determine whether links to the network work or not. The system provides the following Network troubleshooting functions.

A Ping function is available with settings for the Target IP address, Packet Count, Packet Length and Timeout Seconds. First execute to Confirm [F2] command and then execute Ping start [F5].

Info: The system device IP is must be set up

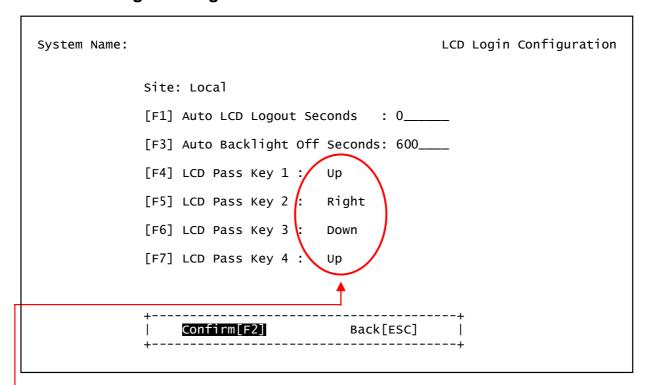
When target IP ping succeeds, the display will show the following:

```
System Name:
                                       Network Troubleshooting Operation
                Ping Operation Status : Idle
 Site: Local
 [F1] Target IP Address : 172_ . 24__ . 1___ . 251_
 [F3] Packet Count: 3____ Length: 64___ [F4] Timeout Seconds: 5___ sec
           ------
  |PING 172.24.1.251: 56 data bytes
  |64 bytes from 172.24.1.251: icmp_seq=0. time=2. ms
  |64 bytes from 172.24.1.251: icmp_seq=1. time=0. ms
                                                                #|
  |64 bytes from 172.24.1.251: icmp_seq=2. time=0. ms
                                                                #|
  |----172.24.1.251 PING Statistics----
  |3 packets transmitted, 3 packets received, 0% packet loss
  |round-trip (ms) min/avg/max = 0/0/2
      Confirm[F2] Ping Start/Stop[F5]
```

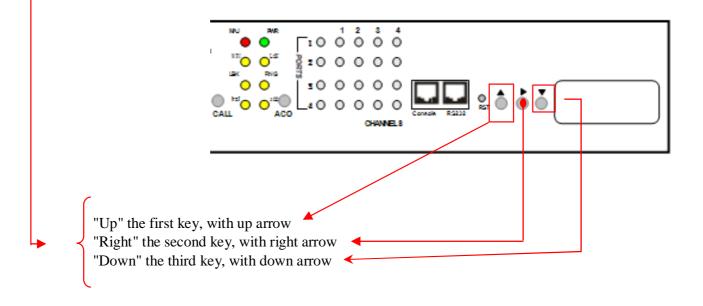
When target IP ping fails, the display will show the following:

```
System Name:
                                    Network Troubleshooting Operation
               Ping Operation Status: Idle
 Site: Local
 [F1] Target IP Address : 172_ . 24__ . 1___ . 252_
 [F3] Packet Count: 3____ Length: 64___ [F4] Timeout Seconds: 5___ sec
 +-----
 |PING 172.24.1.252: 56 data bytes
 |ping: timeout
                                                            #|
  |no answer from 172.24.1.252
                                                            #|
                                                            #|
                                                            #|
                                                            #|
                                                            #|
      Confirm[F2]
                        Ping Start/Stop[F5]
                                                 Back[ESC]
```

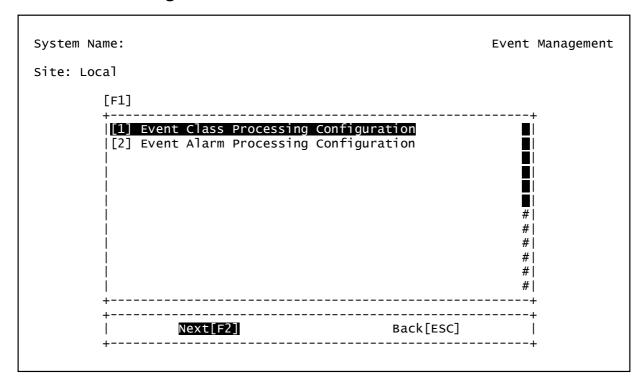
## 5.3.11 LCD Login Configuration



User can define the 'key combination' login password for the LCD front panel login sequence. Enter the sequence for key 1 to key 4 using function keys [F4]~[F7] and Space bar. Confirm by using function key [F2].



## 5.3.12 Event Management



FMUX01A/Plus provides Event Management function which includes Event Class Processing Configuration and Event Alarm Processing Configuration. See the following page.

#### 5.3.12.1 Event Class Processing Configuration

System Name: Site: Local	Event Class Processing Configuration
	Event Class Save Flash: Send Trap:
	[F1] Config : N N
	[F3] Alarm : N N
	[F4] Operation: N N
	++   Confirm[F2] Back[ESC]   ++

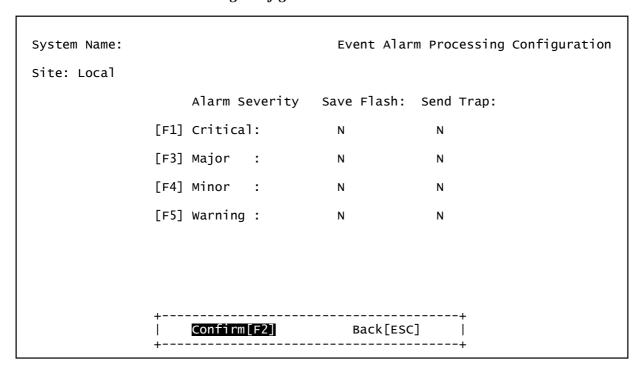
The event class processing configuration function can set the events of configuration, alarm, and operation to be saved in the flash or sent by trap message.

If NMS system has not received alarm trap, please confirm the send trap function is enabled.

<sup>&</sup>quot;N": do not save in the flash or send by trap

<sup>&</sup>quot;Y": save in the flash or send by trap

#### 5.3.12.2 Event Alarm Processing Configuration



The event alarm processing configuration function can set different severity for the events to save in the flash or to send by trap.

There are four classes of the alarm severity:

Critical

Major

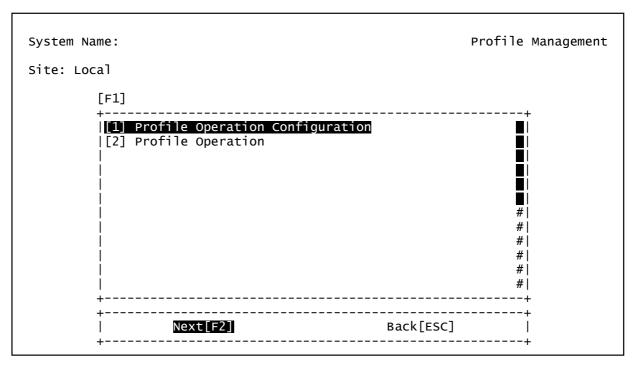
Minor

Warning

If the NMS system has not received alarm trap, please confirm the send trap function is enabled.

#### 5.3.13 System Profile Management

Use 'ESC' to return to the *Main Menu*, select item "1" and press [F2] to go to *System Configuration*. Select item 'd', *System Profile Management*, and press [F2]. The following screen will be displayed.



#### 5.3.13.1 Profile Save Parameter Config

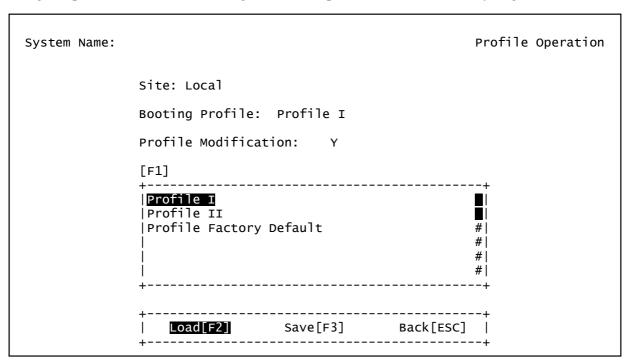
Pressing [F2] from the *Profile Management* page will bring up the *Profile Save Parameter Config* page. Use this page to enable or disable the "auto save" function and set the "auto save interval". When auto save is enabled, changes made to the configuration by any means (LCD, Console, Web, etc.) will automatically be saved to Profile I at the predefined time interval.

System Name:	Profile Save Parameter Config
Site: Local	
[F1] Auto-Saving : OFF	
[F3] Profile Auto Saving Interval	: 1 minutes
+ 	+ Back[ESC]

The FMUX01A/Plus provides an Auto-Saving function, and auto saving interval.

#### 5.3.13.2 Profile Operation

The FMUX01A/Plus has three profile locations in non-volatile memory. Profile I and Profile II may contain user programmed profile data (i.e. configuration). The factory default profile is read-only and set at factory. Loading this profile will restore all settings of the multiplexer back to their factory originals.



The profile settings can be selected between the local or remote multiplexer. The default boot profile may be configured so that this is the profile automatically loaded when the multiplexer is cold started.

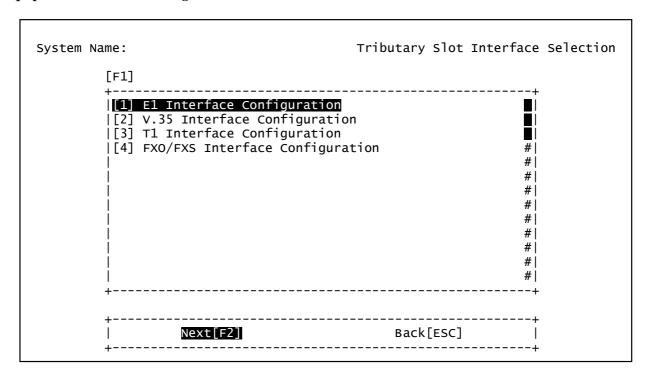
If the active profile had been changed during the configuration process, the "Profile Modification" will show "Y". This reminds the user that in order to keep settings, the profile must be saved.

You may select either profile I or II then press [F3] function to save the current active configuration to it. The next subsequent boot process will automatically configure the system with the saved profile. You may also select either profile I or II then press [F2] function to immediately load the previously saved profile into active configuration.

To restore to factory default, simply use the up/down arrow keys to highlight the *Profile Factory Default*, then press [F2] and confirm the load with <OK>. If you want to reboot with factory defaults, then you need to load the factory default and then save it to the default boot profile.

# **5.4 Tributary Slot Interface Selection**

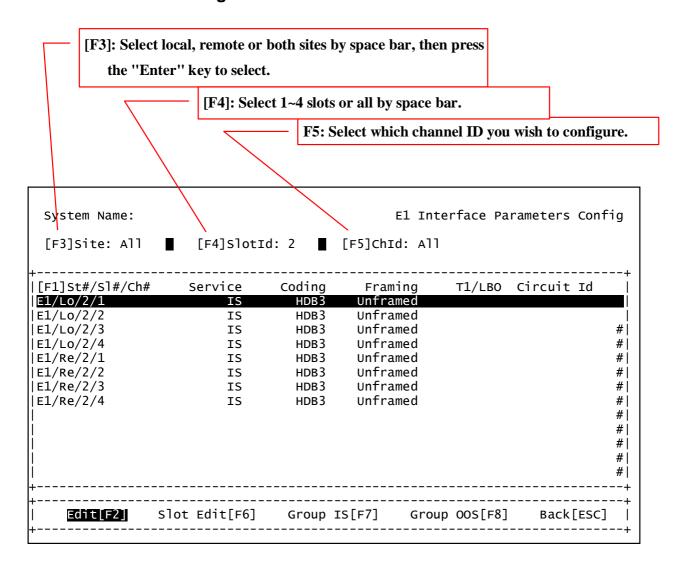
There are two ways to configure these tributary cards one is in this screen and the other is in Chapter 5.12 *Equipment Status Monitoring* screen.



FMUX01A/Plus provide four tributary interfaces:

- (1) E1 Interface Configuration
- (2) V.35 Interface Configuration
- (3) T1 Interface Configuration
- (4) FXO/FXS Interface Configuration

### 5.4.1 E1 Interface Configuration



You can edit E1 Parameters for each channel or all channels of the selected slot.

[F6] Slot Edit- Edit the parameters of all channels in the same slot.

[F7]/ [F8]- You can just press [F7] or [F8] to let the selected channel in the screen go into the In-service state or out of service

If the EOC connection is lost, a symbol "-" will be shown for each remote unit configuration.

If user uses "4xE1S" (Simple) E1 card, it does not support framing function (it is unframed ONLY).

[F2] Edit channel screen is shown below:

System Name:			E1 Parameters Channel Editing
	Location : Local/Slot 1	L/Ch	1
	[F1] Circuit Identifier	^ : .	
	[F3] Service Mode	:	IS
	[F4] Frame Type	:	Unframed
	[F5] Line Coding	:	HDB3
+   +	Confirm[F2]		Back[ESC]

The FMUX01A/Plus has two service modes which can select : OOS (Out of service) or IS (In service)

There are three types of E1 services: FAS+CRC, FAS only, Unframed. For 4xE1S module, Unframed is the only supported frame type.

There are two types of E1 Line Coding: HDB3 or AMI

# 5.4.2 V.35 Interface Configuration

System Name: [F3]Site: All	[F4]SlotI	ːd: 4			face Par	rameters Config
+	Serv ClkSrc  IS Internal	Unframed Unframed Unframed Unframed Unframed Unframed Unframed Unframed	2048K 2048K 2048K 2048K 2048K 2048K 2048K	Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	RXC1k Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	Circuit Id   
 +   <u>Edit[F2]</u> +	Slot Edit[F6]	Group :	IS[F7]	Group	oos[F8]	#  + 

If the EOC (Embedded Operations Channel) connection is closed, a symbol "-" will be shown for each Re (remote) configuration. (for example, if fiber link is down it will effect EOC)

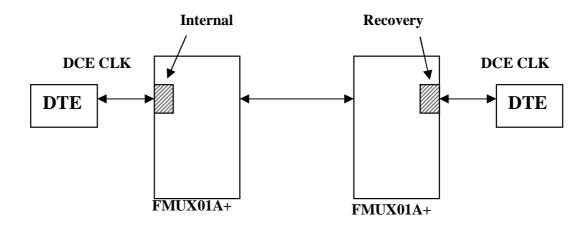
#### [F2] Edit channel screen is shown below:

System Name:				V.35 Parameters Ch Editing
	Location : Local/Slo	ot 4	4/Ch 1	
	[F1] Circuit Identif	fie	r :	
	[F3] Service Mode :	:	IS	
	[F4] Clock Source :	:	Internal	
	[F5] Tx Clock :	:	Normal	
	[F6] Rx Clock :	:	Normal	
	[F7] Data Rate :	:	2048к	
	[F8] Frame Mode :	:	Unframed	
+     +	Confirm[F2]			Back[ESC]

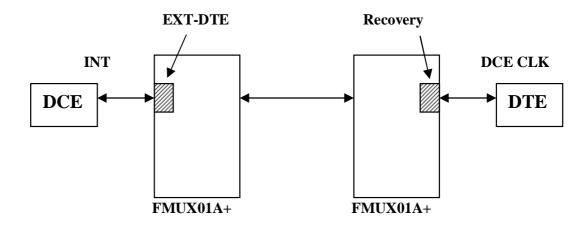
You can set the clock source for TC/RC as well as the polarity of TC and/or RC clock to fit the requirements of different DTEs and varying data cable lengths.

To have stable V.35 data transmission performance, you must make sure to set the correct clock mode. The following are two examples of setting.

(1)



(2)



## 5.4.3 T1 (DS1) Interface Configuration

Edit[F2]	Slot Edit[F6]	 Group	 IS[F7] Gro	oup OOS[F8]	Back[ESC]
					# # #
T1/Re/2/4	IS	B8ZS	Unframed	0-133 ft	# # #
T1/Re/2/2 T1/Re/2/3	IS IS	B8ZS B8ZS	Unframed Unframed	0-133 ft 0-133 ft	#
T1/Re/2/1	IS	B8ZS	Unframed	0-133 ft	#
T1/Lo/2/3 T1/Lo/2/4	IS IS	B8ZS B8ZS	Unframed Unframed	0-133 ft 0-133 ft	#
T1/Lo/2/1 T1/Lo/2/2	IS IS	B8ZS B8ZS	Unframed Unframed	0-133 ft 0-133 ft	
 [F1]St#/Sl#/Ch#		Coding	Framing	T1/LB0	Circuit Id
[F3]Site: All	[F4]SlotI	d: 2	[F5]ChId: A	11	
System Name:			T1 Ir	nterface Pa	rameters Config

If the EOC (Embedded Operations Channel) connection is closed, a symbol "-" will be shown for each Re (remote) configuration. (for example, if fiber link is down it will effect EOC)

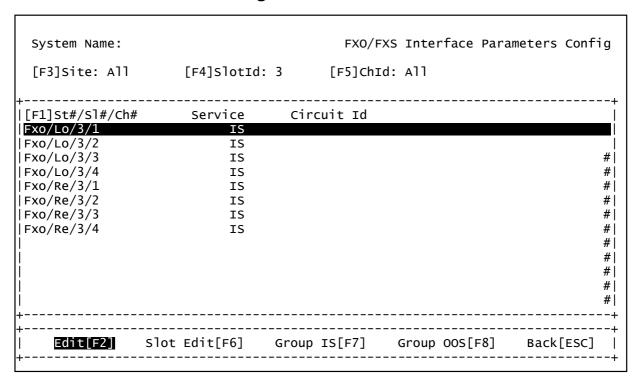
[F2] Edit channel screen is shown below:

System Name:			T1 Parameters Channel Editing
	Location : Local/Slot 1	./Ch	1
	[F1] Circuit Identifier	٠: ـ	
	[F3] Service Mode	:	IS
	[F4] Frame Type	:	Unframed
	[F5] Line Coding	:	B8ZS
	[F6] LBO Setting	:	0-133 ft
+	Confirm[F2]		Back[ESC]
+			+

There are two T1 Line Codings: B8ZS or AMI

There are five LBO (Line Build Out) settings : 0-133ft / 133-266ft / 266-399ft / 399-533ft / 533-655ft . 4xT1 card modules supports unframed, clear channel T1 (DS1) only.

## **5.4.4 FXO/FXS Interface Configuration**



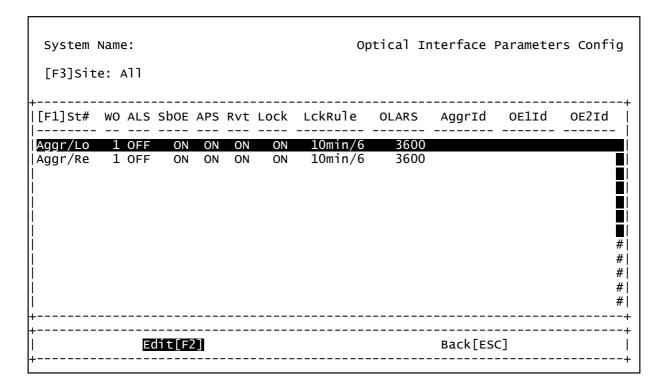
If the EOC (Embedded Operations Channel) connection is closed, a symbol "-" will be shown for each Re (remote) configuration. (for example, if fiber link is down it will effect EOC)

#### [F2] Edit channel screen is shown below:

System Name:		FXO/FXS Parameters Ch Editing
	Location : Local/Slot 3/Ch 1	
	[F1] Circuit Identifier :	
	[F3] Service Mode : IS	
+ 	Confirm[F2]	+ Back[ESC]
+		+

The only setting for FXO/FXS tributary is In-Service / Out-Of-Service setting.

# **5.5 Optical Interface Parameters Configuration**



#### [F2] Edit channel screen is shown below:

System Name:	Optical Interface Parameters Editing
Site Id : Local	
[F1] Aggr Circuit Identifier :	
OE 1 Circuit Identifier :	
OE 2 Circuit Identifier :	<del></del>
[F3] Working OE : 1	[F4] ALS : OFF
[F5] Standby OE Service : ON	[F6] APS : ON
[F7] OE Revertive : ON	[F8] OE Locked: ON
OE Locked Rule :10_ min 6 times	OE Lock AutoRel Sec:3600
Confirm[E2]	+ Back[ESC]   +

[F4]ALS (Auto Laser Shutdown): Please refer to the definition of ITU-T G.664, when FMUX01A/Plus detects "LOS" and the "ALS" function is enabled at the same time, then OE will shutdown the signal of Tx. It will try to re-detect the signal automatically every 100 seconds. If the alarm of LOS is not removed immediately, the device needs to wait another 100 seconds before turning the optical Tx on again. If the LOS status is cleared, the system will return to normal state and transmit laser signal again.

[F6] APS (Auto Protection Switch): While "OFF" is selected, "OE Revertive/ OeLocked/ OeLocked Rule/ OE Lock AutoRel Sec" will disappear from the menu.

[F7] OE Revertive: When [F7] set to "OFF", "OeLocked/ OeLocked Rule/ Oe Lock AutoRel Sec" will disappear from the menu.

[F8] OE Locked: When [F8] set to "OFF", "OeLocked Rule/ Oe Lock AutoRel Sec" will disappear from the mneu.

When [F8] is set to "ON":

OE Locked Rule: Locks the optical system if switched to protect line " m " times with in " n " minutes. ("n" and "m" depends on user's definition) (Default: m=6; n=10)

OE Locked AutoRel Sec : If the function of OE Locked is enabled, it will be auto-release after "x" seconds. (Default : x=3600)

Info: If the function of the OE Locked is activate, then it needs to be released as in the example screen of " 5.9 *OE Protection Switching* "

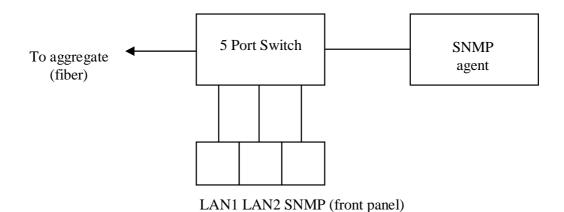
Info: User cannot configure the functions not showing on the menu. When user reboots the equipment, the setting reloads the default value.

## 5.6 Trunk Ethernet Parameters Configuration

#### 5.6.1 Introduction

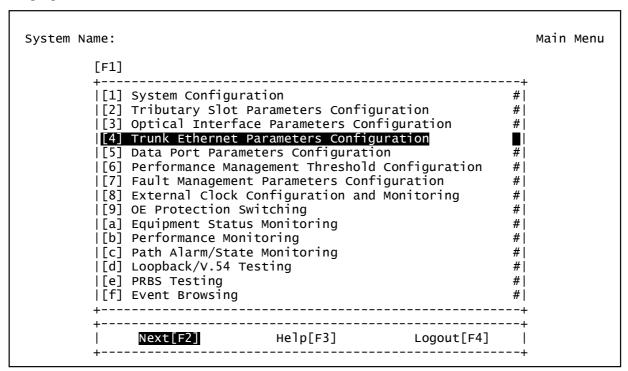
The trunk Ethernet refers to the 100Mbps trunk speed within the 155M fiber link reserved for the dedicated Ethernet channel. The remaining trunk speed is utilized for the tributary card transmissions (E1, T1, V.35, FXO/FXS), Embedded Operations Channel, asynchronous RS-232 channel, order wire and proprietary framing overhead. The trunk Ethernet terminates in each multiplexer at a 5-Port 10/100 Ethernet Switch Controller. Three Ethernet LAN ports are available by RJ-45 connection on the front panel.

The following figure shows how the switch is incorporated into the multiplexer. The SNMP agent is internally connected to the 5 port switch.



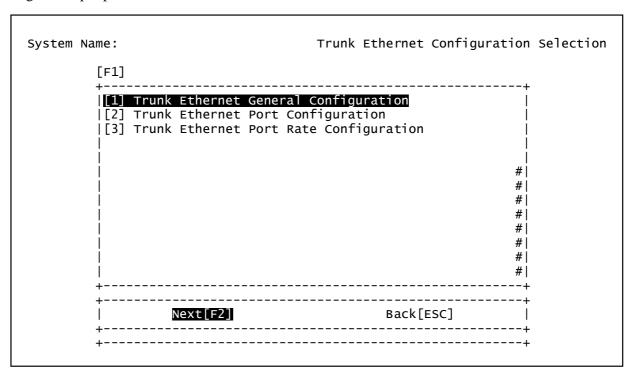
### 5.6.2 Configuration

From the main menu, arrow down or keyin '4' to select the *Trunk Ethernet Parameters Configuration*. Press [F2].

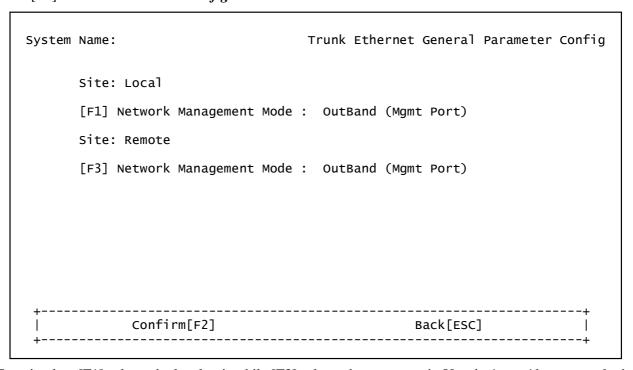


### 5.6.3 Trunk Ethernet General Parameter Config

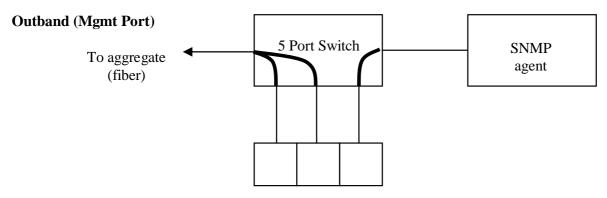
The Trunk Ethernet Configuration menu is displayed below. There are three options. The first option, *General Configuration*, sets up one of five different schemes of port mirroring and will be explained in detail later. The *Ethernet Port Configuration* sets the service (IS or OOS), negotiation, speed, duplex and flow control per port. The third menu *Port Rate Configuration*, provides ingress/egress bandwidth configuration per port.



Press [F2] to enter the *General Configuration* menu.

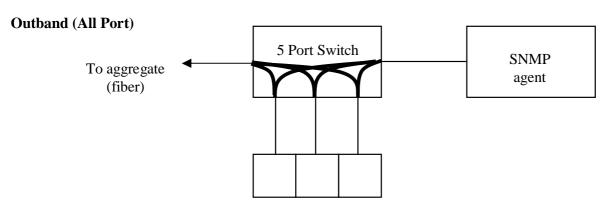


Function key [F1] selects the local unit while [F3] selects the remote unit. Use the 'space' key to toggle the five different setting options.



LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

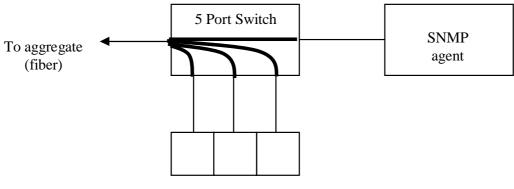
In this scenario, the two ports LAN1 and LAN2 will link to the aggregate channel. The management port, SNMP, links directly to the SNMP agent (out-band) and cannot pass traffic to the aggregate. Any connection to the LAN ports or from the remote multiplexer will not be able to access the SNMP agent or SNMP front panel port. This is the default setting.



LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

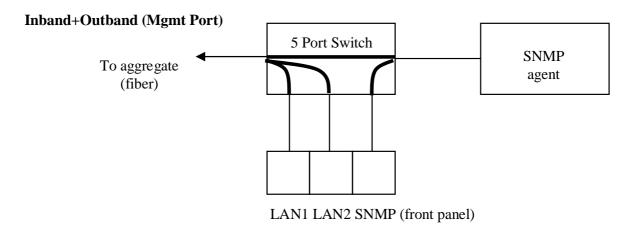
In this scenario, all three ports may connect directly to the SNMP agent (out-band) and to the aggregate link. There is link between the aggregate and the SNMP agent. The remote multiplexer cannot access the SNMP agent.

#### Inband

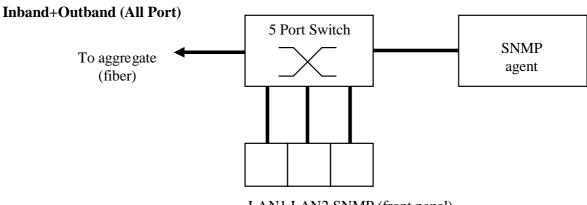


LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

In this scenario, all three local ports will link to the aggregate channel. The SNMP agent is managed remotely through the aggregate channel (in-band). There is no local access to the SNMP agent.



In this scenario, the two front panel ports, LAN1 and LAN2, connect to the fiber aggregate. The front panel SNMP port connects directly to the SNMP agent. The SNMP agent is also accessible from the aggregate (in-band) for remote management.

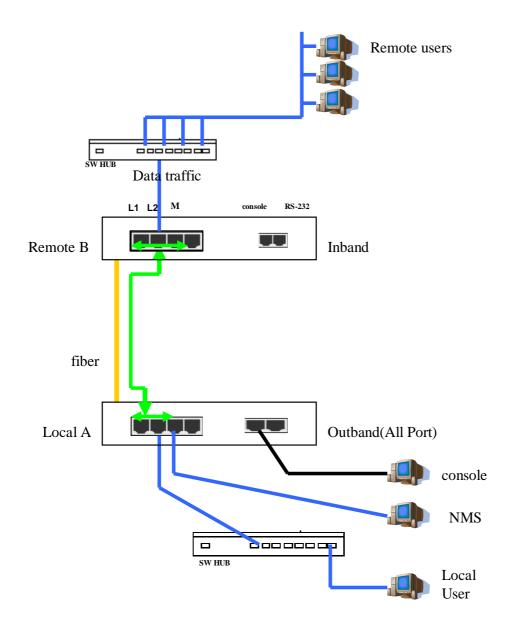


LAN1 LAN2 SNMP (front panel)

In this scenario, all ports are connected together as a normal switching HUB. Both in-band and out-band management are supported (local and remote) and all three front panel ports may be used as LAN1, LAN2 and LAN3 freely.

The following shows how the Management Modes can be used to secure and isolate the management traffic.

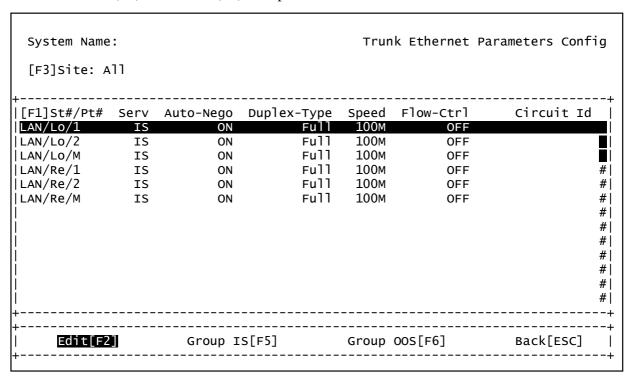
In the following scenario, the remote multiplexer has set the trunk Ethernet to "Inband". All three Ethernet ports, LAN1, LAN2, and SNMP can be used by the remote users for aggregate traffic. No remote user is able to access the SNMP management interface.



The local multiplexer has configured the trunk Ethernet to "Outband(All Port)". In this way any local (trusted) user on any of the three Ethernet ports can connect to the remote user and to both the local and remote SNMP interface.

## 5.6.4 Trunk Ethernet Parameter Config

The *Trunk Ethernet Parameters Config* screen will show the LAN1, LAN2 and SNMP management (M) ports for both local (Lo) and remote (Re) multiplexers.



Each port can set an identifier reference "name", set the service mode, enable or disable auto-negotiation, configure speed and duplex in forced mode (auto disabled) and enable or disable Ethernet flow control.

System Name:		Tru	unk Ethernet Parameters Slot Editing
	Location : Local/Port	1	
	[F1] Circuit Identifie	r:	<del></del>
	[F3] Service Mode	:	IS
	[F4] Auto-Negotiation	:	ON
	[F5] Duplex Type	:	Full
	[F6] Ethernet Speed	:	100M
	[F7] Flow Control	:	OFF
+     +	Confirm[F2]		Back[ESC]

## **5.6.5 Trunk Ethernet Rate Configuration**

Each of three ports, LAN1, LAN2 and SNMP support individual bandwidth control for ingress and egress in 64K increments, up to 100M. From the main *Trunk Ethernet Configuration* menu page, select item number 3, *Trunk Ethernet Port Rate Configuration*.

System Name:		Trunk Etl	hernet Port Rate Configuration
	Site: < Local >	Ingress(Nx64K)	Egress(Nx64K)
	[F3] Port 1:	1526_	1526_
	Port 2:	1526_	1526_
	Port M:	1526_	1526_
	Site: < Remote >		
	[F4] Port 1:	1526_	1526_
	Port 2:	1526_	1526_
	Port M:	1526_	1526_
+   +	Confirm[F2]		Back[ESC]

100M=1526

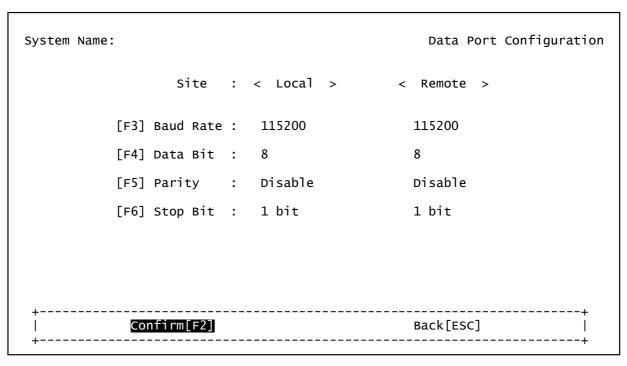
10M=152

Ingress (RX)

Egress (TX)

# **5.7 Data Port Parameter Configuration**

On the front panel of the FMUX01A/Plus is an RJ-45 port labeled 'RS-232'. This port is just to the right of the 'Console' port and provides an asynchronous RS-232 tributary clear channel between the local and remote multiplexers. The following screen is used to configure the communication parameters.



Use [F3] to select baud rate and toggle the different rates with the "space" bar.

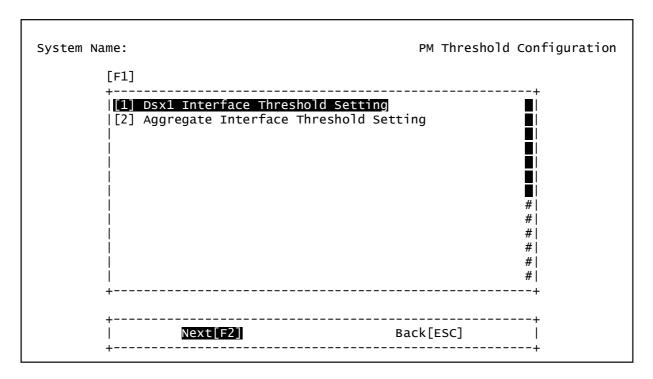
Use [F4] to set the data bit length for the asynchronous data.

Use [F5] to set the parity, use "space" to toggle between Odd, Even, or No parity.

Use [F6] to set the stop bit length. Again, use "space" to toggle through the parameter settings.

Confirm settings by pressing [F2].

# **5.8 PM Threshold Configuration**



This function is used to setup the threshold values that meet the requirement to issue an actual alarm.

If TCA alarm is enabled, the alarm of TCA will be released after min/day.

If the value is "0", the TCA will be disabled.

E1 Interface Threshold Setting : Electrical interface threshold setting.
Aggregate Interface Threshold Setting : Optical interface threshold setting.

## 5.8.1 E1 Interface Threshold Setting

System Name:				Dsx1 Th	reshold	Param	eters	Setting
[F3]Site: All	[F4]SlotId: 1	L	ChId	: All	[F5]PM	Tab1	e: All	
+  [F1]St/Sl#/Ch#/PMT	ype	LCV	LES	LSES	PCV	PES	PSES	+ PUAS
Lo/1/1/Quarter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lo/1/1/Day		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Lo/1/2/Quarter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Lo/1/2/Day		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Lo/1/3/Quarter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Lo/1/3/Day		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Lo/1/4/Quarter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Lo/1/4/Day		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Re/1/1/Quarter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Re/1/1/Day		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Re/1/2/Quarter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Re/1/2/Day		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #
Re/1/3/Quarter +		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 #  +
+ 	Disable[F6]		 A11	Disabl	e[F7]		 Back[	+ ESC]

You can use the function keys to modify the selected traffic link. There are two PM types that may be chosen: Quarter (15 minute interval) or day (24 hour interval).

[F6] Disable :Disable the PM TCA alarm on the selected E1 path selected by highlight.

[F7] All Disable :Disable the PM TCA alarm on all selected E1 paths by the selection filters.

System Name:	Dsx1 Threshold Parameters Editing
	Local /Slot 1/Channel 1/Quarter
	[F1] Line:
	LCV: <u>0</u> LES:0
	[F3] Path:
	PCV:0 PES:0 PSES:0 PUAS:0
	<b>4</b>
	Confirm[F2] Back[ESC]
	++ 

[F1] Line:

LCV : Line Code Violation LES : Line Error Second

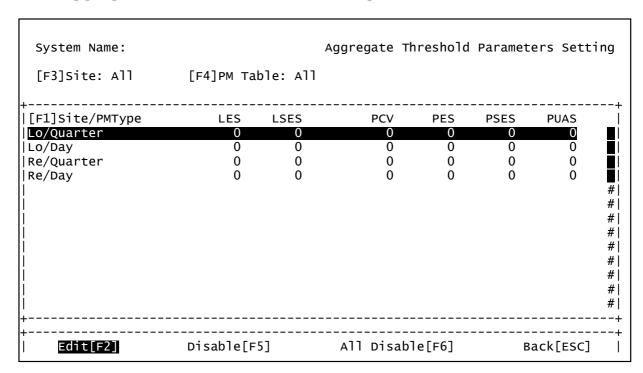
LSES : Line Several Error Second

[F3] Path:

PCV : Path Code Violation PES : Path Error Second

PSES: Path Several Error Second

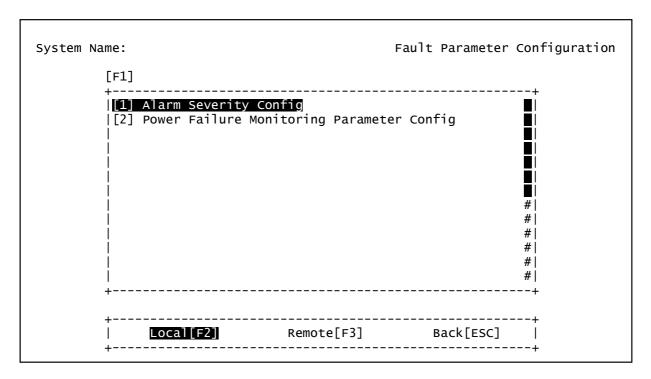
### 5.8.2 Aggregate Interface Threshold Setting



You can use the function keys to modify the selected traffic link. There are two PM types that can be selected: Quarter (15 minute interval) or day (24 hour interval).

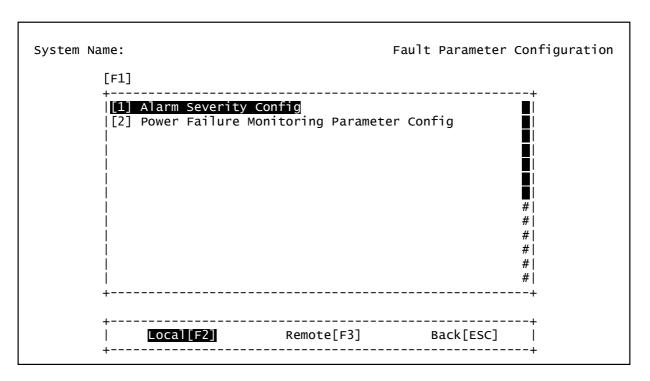
System Name:		Aggregate	Threshold	Parameters Editing
	Local /Quarter			
	[F1] Line:			
	LES:0 LSES:0			
	[F3] Path:			
	PCV:0 PES:0	PSES:0	PUAS:0	
	Confirm[F2]		Back[ESC]	- <del>-</del> -
	1			ı

### **5.9 Fault Management Parameters Configuration**



FMUX01A/Plus provides fault management function by setting the alarm severity for each failure alarm.

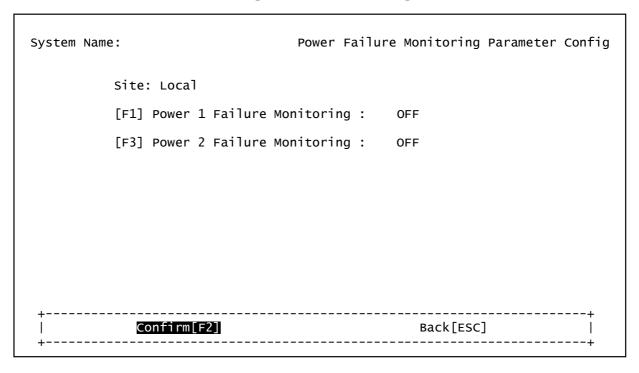
### 5.9.1 Alarm Severity Config



The administrator can define alarm severity and easily manage alarm status.

If the alarm severity is configured as Critical or Major, the MAJ LED will be turned to red when an alarm occurs. Otherwise, Minor and Warning alarms will make MIN LED turn to yellow.

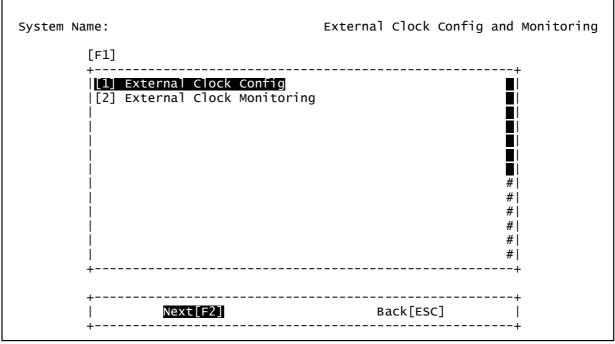
### 5.9.2 Power Failure Monitoring Parameter Config



This provides the function for power monitoring. When "ON" is selected and the power module fails, the alarm will be issued.

### 5.10 External Clock Configuration and Monitoring

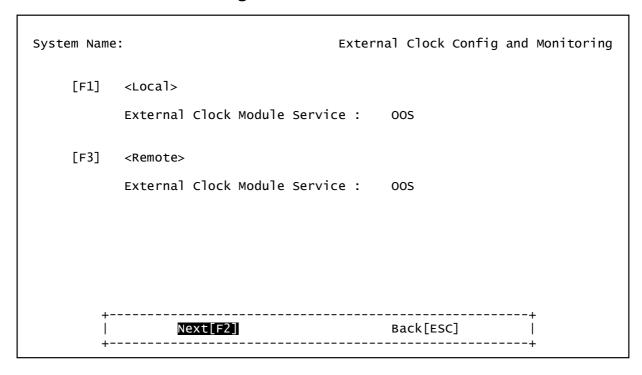
The external clock is an optional component of the multiplexer and is not a standard item. You cannot use the external clock input connector or configure, if the option is not installed at the factory.



To provide more stable sync for the system, you can use the optional external clock module.

This provides an extra external clock input for the whole system's reference.

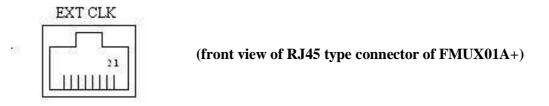
### 5.10.1 External Clock Config



User can select OOS or IS to turn on or off the external clock input.

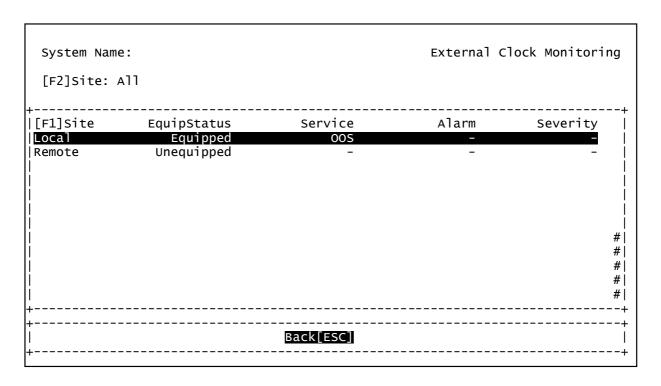
If the EOC connection fails or the External clock module is not installed, the configuration settings will not appear.

#### EXT CLK pin assignment



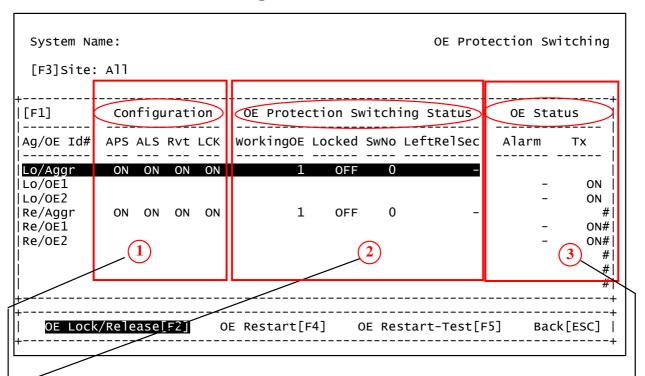
Pin 1 and Pin 2 of RJ-45 are used for E1 PCM data or TTL Clock input

# **5.10.2 External Clock Monitoring**



If the External Clock Module is found, the EquipStatus will show as "Equipped". If no module is installed in the system, "Unequipped" will be shown on the display.

### **5.1 OE Protection Switching**



User can configure the active OE module as either locked or as released. The OE module manual restart is also accomplished from this screen.

#### 1.Configuration:

Shows the configuration of APS (Automatic Protection Switching), ALS (Automatic Laser Shutdown), Rvt (revertive operation), LCK (lockout the active OE module) from section 4.5 "Optical Interface Parameters Configuration".

#### **▶ 2.OE Protection Switching Status:**

Shows the current status of active OE module, the status of Lock-out mechanism, the OE module switched times by automatic or manually, and the seconds left for release after locked state. The Lock-out mechanism can be activated or deactivated by command "OE Lock/Release [F2]" on the aggregate interface. Some parameters are configured at 5.5 "Optical Interface Parameters Configuration".

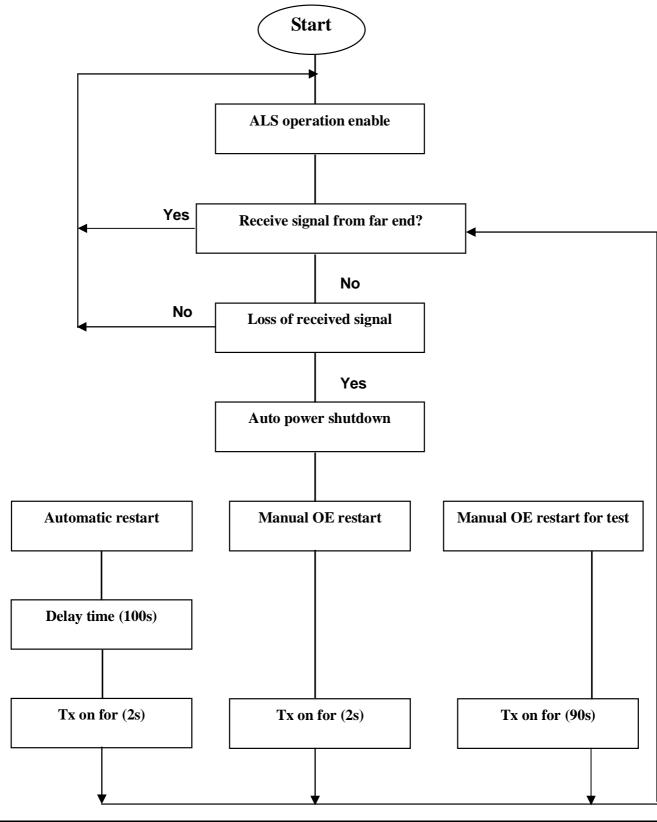
#### 3.OE Status:

Shows the alarm and laser status of the OE modules. The shut down lasers can be restarted by command "OE Restart [F4]" and "OE Restart-Test [F5]" on the OE interfaces.

#### Automatic laser shutdown and restart concept

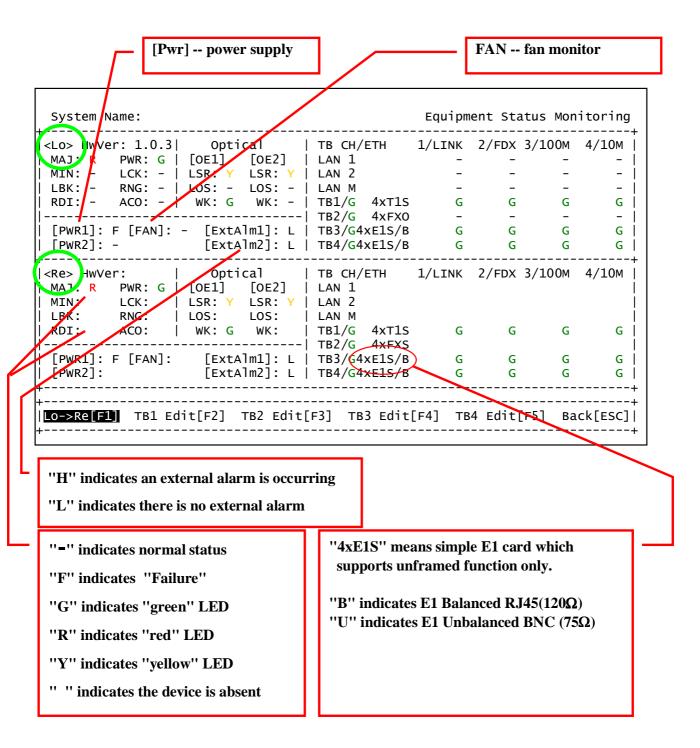
The ALS mechanism implemented in FMUX01A/Plus is compliant with ITU Recommendation ITU-T G.664. The ALS mechanism can be enabled or disabled in 5.5 Optical Interface Parameters Configuration.

<< Flow Chart>>

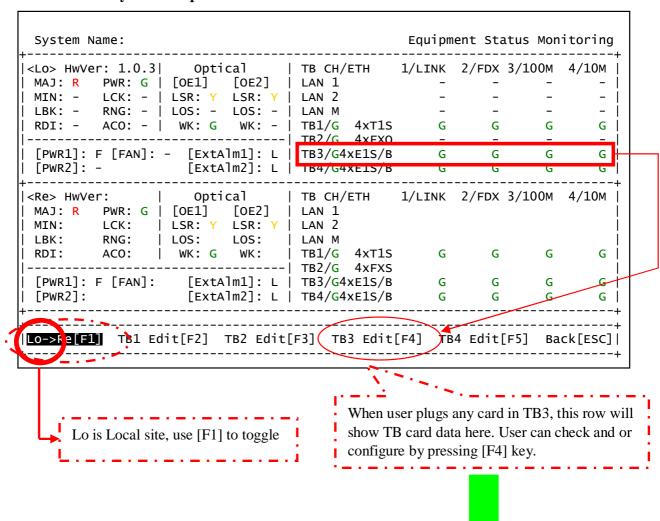


### **5.12 Equipment Status Monitoring**

On the equipment status monitoring screen, the user can get an overall view of the alarm status of the interlinked rack systems. This screen also provides an easy way for operator to provision tributary cards.



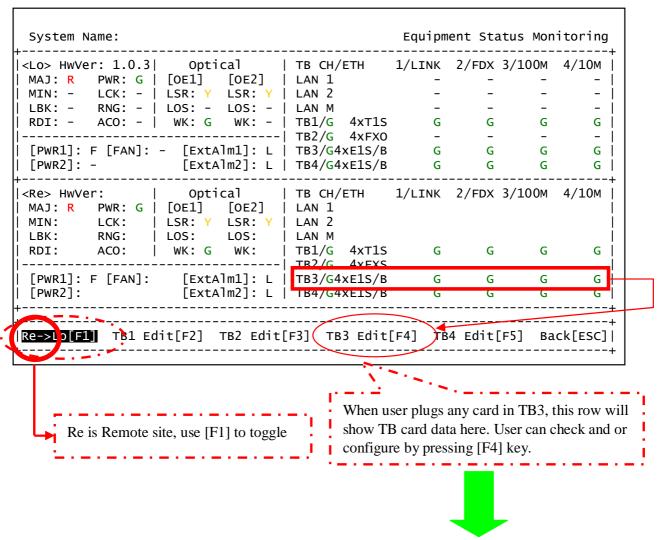
#### Local site tributary card setup:



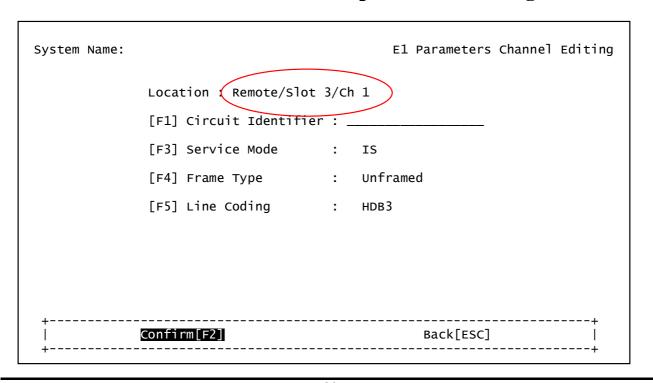
## card parameters setting screen:

System Name:			E1 Parameters Channel Editin	ıg
	Location : Local/Slot 3	/Ch	)1	
	[F1] Circuit Identifier	: _	<del></del>	
	[F3] Service Mode	:	IS	
	[F4] Frame Type	:	Unframed	
	[F5] Line Coding	:	HDB3	
+   	Confirm[F2]		Back[ESC]	

#### Remote site tributary card setup:



### card parameters setting screen:



## **5.13 Performance Monitoring**

System Name: [F3]Site: All	[F4]SlotId: All	[F5]ChId: All	Performance	Monitoring
+	\	/alidQuarter 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1	ValidDay  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Alarm
+   Monitor[F2]	Reset[F6]	Reset All[	F7] Ba	+ uck[ESC]

The performance monitoring screen will show the valid quarters (15 minute intervals) and valid days (24 hour intervals) that have been counted for each card (Fiber Aggregate; E1 or T1 type card). Select the card and access the next screen to see the detail performance data by pressing [F2].

[F6] Reset: to clear all PM counters on the selected monitoring path

[F7] Reset All: to clear all PM counters on the All monitoring paths

Performance monitoring is only supported on E1 or T1 card. The E1S card (unframed) only supports BPV error but cannot support CRC4 error monitoring (framed mode card is required for that).

System Name:							ļ	Aggre	gate/Local
[F3] PM Type:	HistQuart	[F4]	Range:	1~12		Valid	l Quart	t:3	Day:0
[F1]		Line				Pa	th		
Quarter Id	CV	ES	SES		CV	ES	SES	UAS	ALM
1	_	90	0		0	0	0	90	
2	-	0	0		0	0	0	0	
3	-	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
4	-	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
5	_	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
6	-	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
7	_	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
8	_	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
j 9	_	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
10	_	0	0		0	0	0	0	#
i 11	_	0	0		Ö	Ö	Ō	0	#
12	-	0	0		Ö	0	0	Ö	#
+   Reset[F	 2]		Reset	411[F5]			Ва	ack [Es	+ SC]

There are five types of PM:

- 1. CurrQuart (Current 15 minute interval)
- 2. HistQuart (History Quarter)
- 3. CurrDay (Current 24 hour Day)
- 4. HistDay (History Day)
- 5. Quarter (15 minute interval)
- [F2] Reset: to clear the selected PM type
- [F5] Reset All : to clear all the PM type

CV = Code Violation

ES = Errored Seconds

SES = Severely Errored Seconds

UAS = UnAvailable Seconds

## 5.14 Path Alarm Monitoring

System Name:			Path Alarm	Monitoring
[F2]Site: All	[F3]SlotId: All	[F4]ChId: All	[F5]If: A	11
 [F1]If/St/S1/Ch	Alarm/State	Severity	Loopback	+   PRBS-Gen
Aggr/Lo	-	-	_	
LAN/Lo/1		-		#
LAN/Lo/2	LinkDown	MAJ		#
LAN/LO/M	LinkDown	MAJ		#
OE/Lo/1/W	-	-		#
OE/Lo/2/P	-	-		#
E1/Lo/1/1	-	-	-	OFF#
E1/Lo/1/2	-	-	_	OFF#
E1/Lo/1/3	-	-	_	OFF#
E1/Lo/1/4	<del>-</del>	-	_	OFF#
Fxo/Lo/3/1	On-Hook			#
Fxo/Lo/3/2	On-Hook			#
Fxo/Lo/3/3	On-Hook			#
	Back[	ESC]		
				+

This screen shows all of alarm status for all monitored paths. Some diagnostic testing work will cause alarms to occur. The status of loopback (V.54) and PRBS action are shown as well.

The possible alarm for each interface are:

OE : LOS

Aggregate: LOF/RDI/AIS
E1: LOS/LOF/RDI/AIS
T1: LOS/LOF/RDI/AIS

V35 : LOS Ethernet : LINK

LOS = Loss Of Sync

LOF = Loss Of Framing

RDI = Remote Defect Indicator AIS = Alarm Indication Signal

# 5.15 Loopback/V.54 Testing

			Loopback/V.5	4 Testing
[F4]SlotId: All	[F5]ChId:	All		
LoLbk/ANA	ReLbk/DIG	REM	PRBS-Gen	+ Alarm
OFF	OFF			_
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOS #
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOS #
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOS #
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOS #
OFF	OFF			- #
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #
OFF	OFF		OFF	- #  +
ReLbk/DIG[F	 -6] I	 REM[F7]	   Bac	+ k[ESC]
	Lolbk/ANA  OFF  OFF  OFF  OFF  OFF  OFF  OFF	Lolbk/ANA Relbk/DIG  OFF OFF  OFF	Lolbk/ANA Relbk/DIG REM  OFF OFF  OFF  OFF OFF  OFF	Lolbk/ANA Relbk/DIG REM PRBS-Gen  OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF O

For diagnostic purposes, low speed E1 or V.35 data channels and high speed aggregate signals can be locally looped back or remotely looped back.

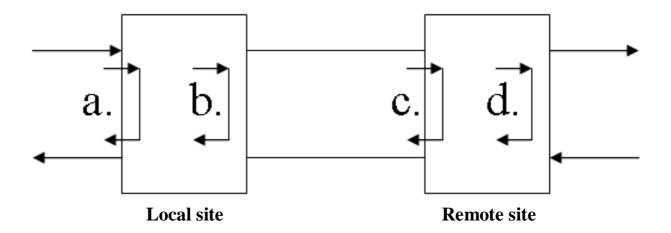
### 5.15.1 Loopback Testing

#### Introduction

There are four types of loopback functions for the E1/T1 Module :

Tributary Local Loopback (for each E1 signal)
Aggregate Local Loopback (for all multiplexed E1 signals)
Aggregate Remote Loopback (for all multiplexed E1 signals)
Tributary Remote Loopback. (for each E1 signal)

Users can select whether to diagnose a specific channel or all channels under the loopback / V.54 Testing.

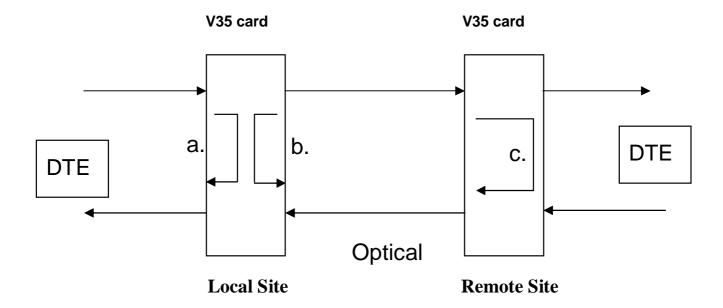


- a. Tributary Local Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the slot ID which is on the tributary card in the local site, then choose "LoLbk / ANA" item.
- b. Aggregate Local Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the aggregate item ("Aggr/Lo") in the local site then choose "LoLbk / ANA" item.
- c. Aggregate Remote Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the aggregate item ("Aggr/Re") in the remote site then choose "ReLbk / DIG" item.
- d. Tributary Remote Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the slot ID which is on the tributary card in the remote site then choose "ReLbk / DIG" item.

Info: In the E1/T1 module, the "REM" loopback is not available. It is only for the V.35 module.

There are three types of loopback functions for the V.35 Module:

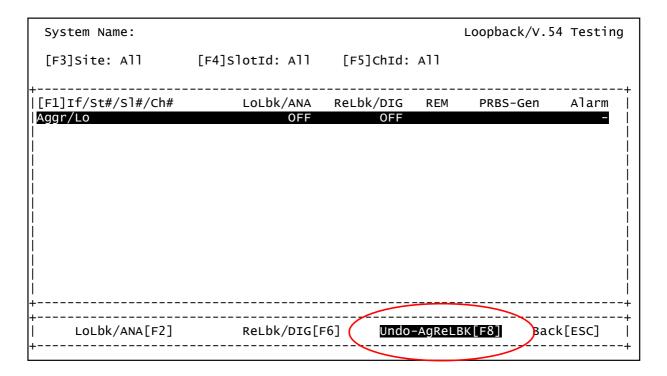
- a. Analog (ANA) Loopback:
- b. Digital (DIG) Loopback
- c. Request Remote (REM) Loopback



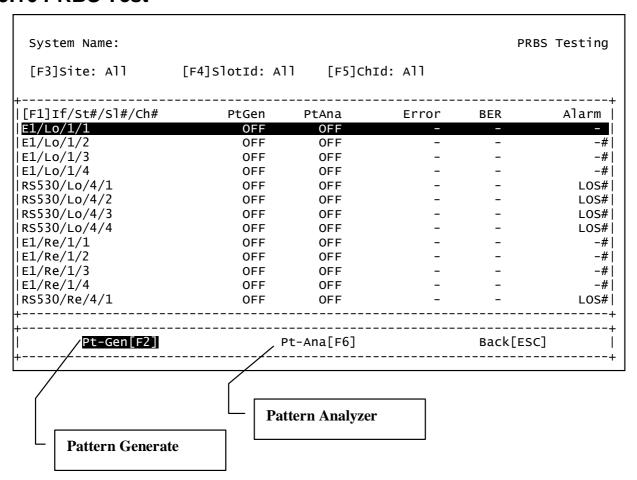
- a. Analog (ANA) Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the slot ID which is on the tributary card in the local site, then choose "LoLbk / ANA" item.
- b. Digital (DIG) Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the slot ID which is on the tributary card in the local site, then choose "ReLbk / DIG" item.
- c. Request Remote (REM) Loopback : In the Loopback / V.54 Testing screen, select the slot ID which is on the tributary card in the local site, then choose "REM" item.

Info: function key [F8]

If the EOC (embedded operations channel) is broken, such as when running the aggregate remote loopback from the remote, the [F8] Undo-AgReLBK key can be used to rebuilt the EOC channel. However, if optical signal is lost, this function will not be enabled.



### 5.16 PRBS Test



The PRBS (pseudo- random binary sequence) pattern is 2<sup>15</sup>-1(unframed). E1, T1 and V.35 are all able to have this Bit Error Rate testing performed.

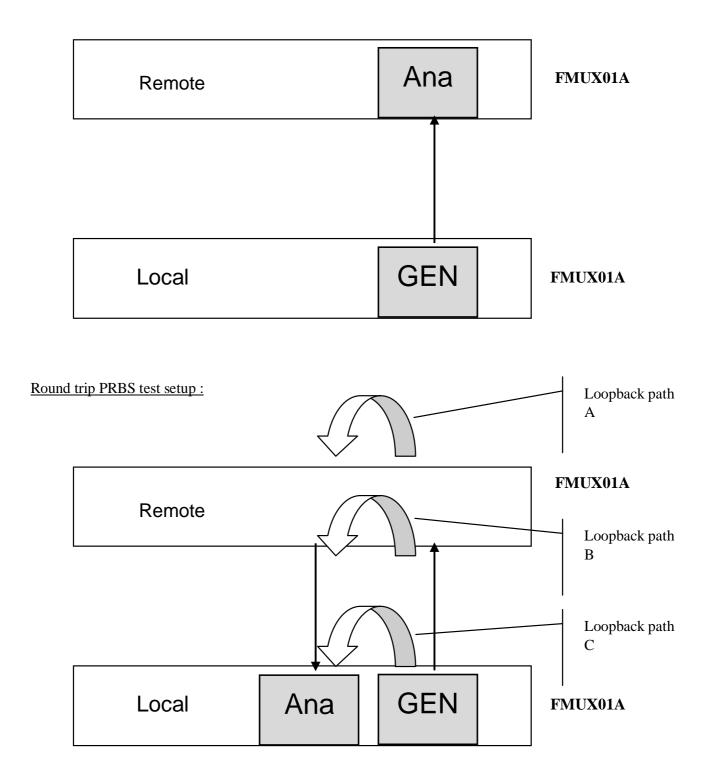
In order to do the test, any E1 data link can be selected to have a PRBS test. The test results will be shown in the number of error bits as well as the calculated bit error ratio.

You can only choose one channel to generate or analyze at one time.

Info: The PRBS function is only used in unframed line cards or in framed cards set for unframed.

Regarding the PRBS test mode, please refer to the following:

### One way PRBS test setup:



When user wants to do the PRBS test, first the remote side needs to set the loopback path (loop A, Loop B, or Loop C). The local device will generate a test pattern and send to the remote device. Then local device's analyzer will receive the test pattern through the loopback path. The user will get the test results on the terminal display.

### 5.17 Event Browser

	em Name: Class: Al	1				Event E	Browser
	:16 01/24/		Operat	Login	Information VT100		+   
1.	:15 01/24/		Alarm		RS530/Re/4/4/LOS/MAJ		#
	:15 01/24/		Alarm		RS530/Re/4/3/LOS/MAJ		#
	:15 01/24/		Alarm		RS530/Re/4/2/LOS/MAJ		#
	:15 01/24/		Alarm		RS530/Re/4/1/LOS/MAJ		#
1.	:15 01/24/		Alarm		LAN/Re/M/LinkDown/MAJ		#
1.	:15 01/24/		Alarm		LAN/Re/2/LinkDown/MAJ		#
1 '	:15 01/24/				LAN/Re/1/LinkDown/MAJ		#
1.	:15 01/24/				Re/OE1/OeLocked OFF		#
	:13 01/24/				Trib/Re/4/4xRS530		#
	:13 01/24/				Trib/Re/3/4xFX0		#
	:13 01/24/				Trib/Re/1/4xE1S		#
1111:07	:13 01/24/	oo system	operat	Plugin	Oe/Re/2		#
+							+
+ 	Clear Ram	Log[F4]	(	lear F	lash Log[F5]	Back [ES	SC]

The Event Browser is used to view all of the alarm events in both current memory and those stored in flash.

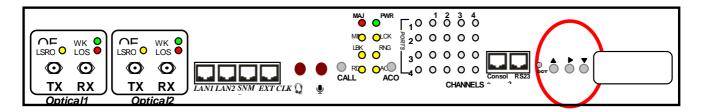
Clear Ram Log [F4]: clears all history events after the system boot.

Clear Flash Log[F5]: If the event-saving function is enabled, then [F5] will clear all history events store in non-volatile memory.

Refer to: 5.3.12.1 Event Class Processing Configuration and 5.3.12.2 Event Alarm Processing Configuration

# **Chapter 6. LCD Operating Instructions**

FMUX01A/Plus provides an easy way to set the configuration, do maintenance, and conduct testing, by LCD and pushbutton.



The default password for FMUX01A/Plus is a combination of the buttons as below, from left to right :

Button Up Right Do	Oown Up	
--------------------	---------	--

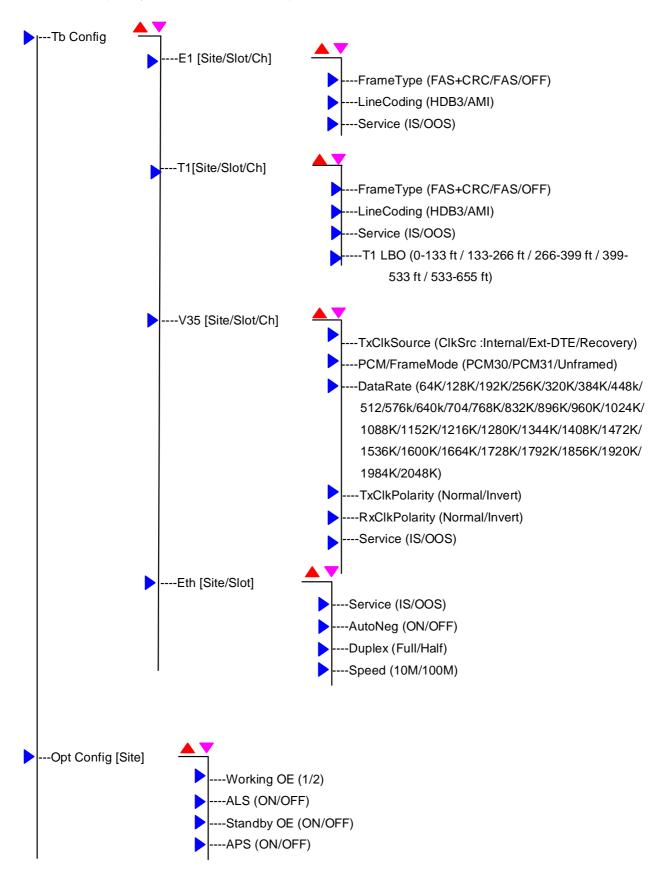
Note: the password for login in LCD menu can be changed via VT100 setting as section 5.3.11.

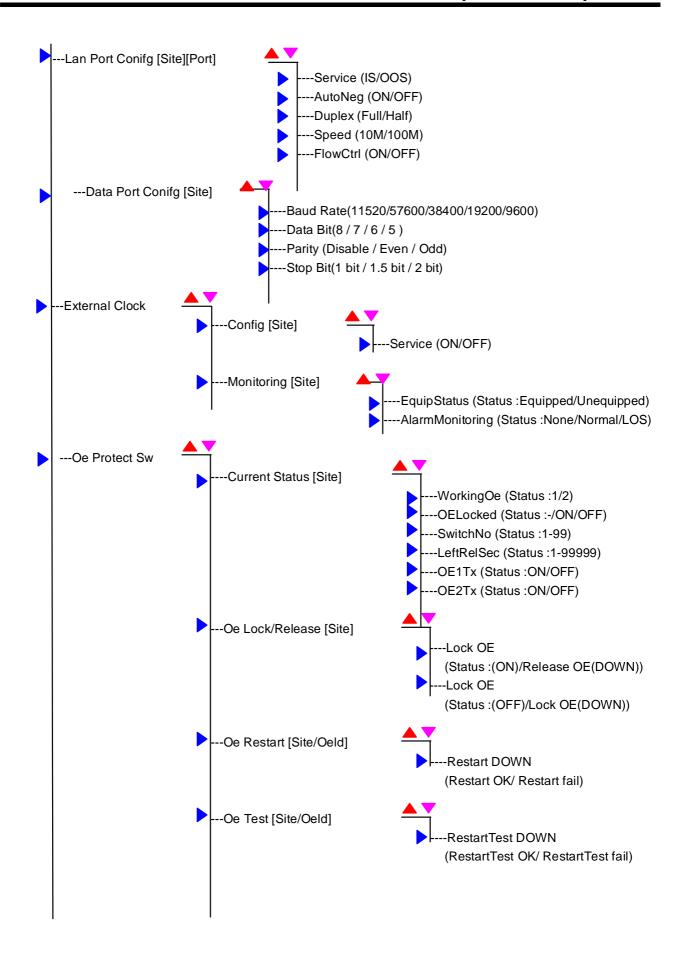
Button functions are as follows:

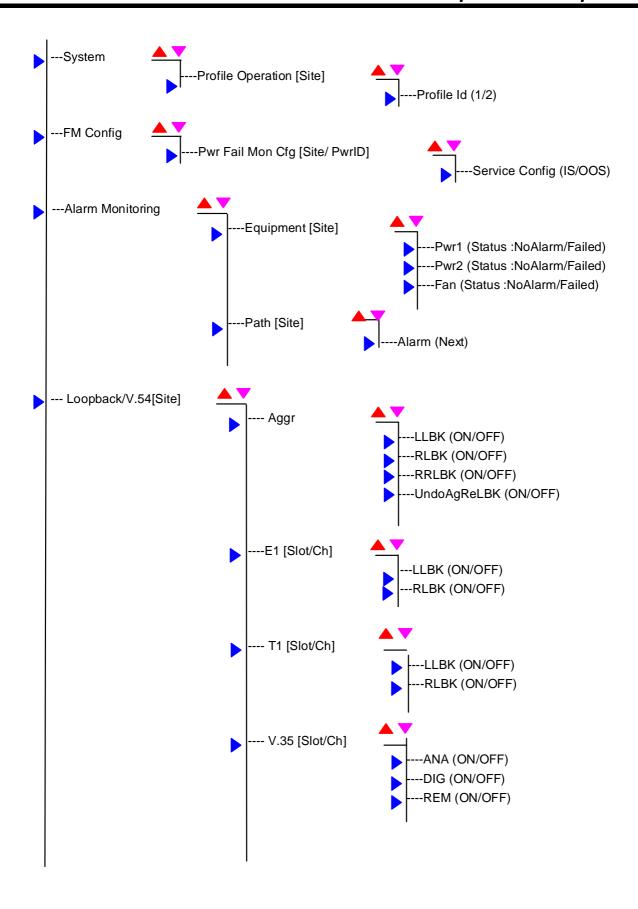
- ▲ Go back to the upper level of the menu
- Item select
- "Enter" key to go to a sub-menu or enable selected action

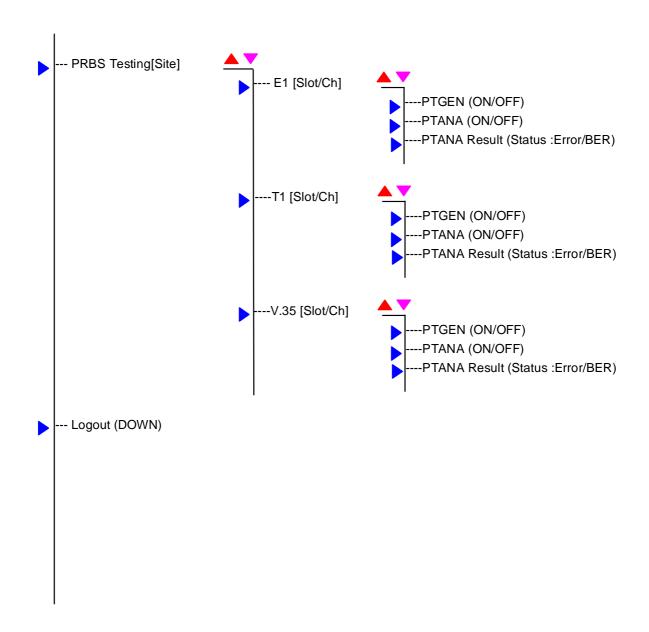
### 6.1 LCD Menu Tree

Password: \_ \_ \_ (Modify Password refer to 5.3.10)







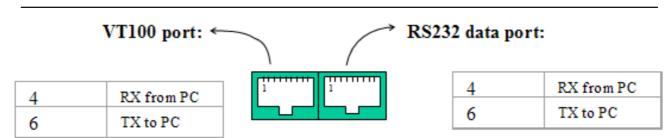


	Chapter 6	LCD Operation

# **Appendix**

## A.1 External User Interface: Async Serial / RS-232

User VT-100 interface / RS232 interface:



Signal Ground connects to pins 2,5,7, and 8. Pins 1 & 3 have no connection.

Alarm relay contact:

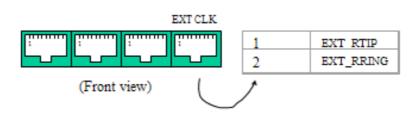
DB9 Female₽	٠	ته
1₽	MIN_LED_B	Ç
2€	MIN_BUZ_B₽	ته
3₽	MAJ_LED_B₽	ته
4₽	MAJ_BUZ_B₽	þ
5₽	NC₽	ç
6₽	MIN_LED_A₽	Ç
7₽	MIN_BUZ_A₽	Ç
8₽	MAJ_LED_A₽	Ç
9₽	MAJ_BUZ_A₽	٦

\_\_\_\_\_\_

External alarm port :

DB9 Female	
1	(IN1P)
2	(IN1N)
3	(IN2P)
4	(IN2N)

External Clock input port :

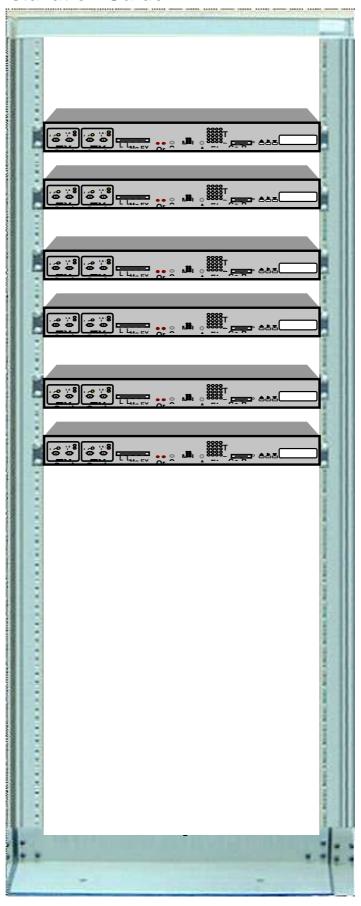


# **A.2 Troubleshooting Guide**

No.	Symptom	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
1	VT-100 can not login	■Serial cable connection invalid.	■Check cable link.
		■Baud Rate set incorrect or COM	■Check Baud Rate and COM port
		port selected incorrectly	
		■Input wrong account or password	■Check account and password
2	The equipment screen	■Check related configuration and	User can confirm tributary slot
	alarm indicators are	physical connectors	parameters configuration and trunk
	different from physical indicators or network		Ethernet parameters configuration item by item :
	hang		■Check service mode
	Halig		Ethernet port contact
			Change the Ethernet cable
			Check the duplex matching
3	Ethernet transmit has	The RJ-45 connector has a bad	·
3	serious data package	contact	Check the duplex matching
	loss	FULL/HALF duplex is not matching	Check Auto-neg mode
		Trunk Ethernet port service off	Check Data forwarding mode
		·	<ul><li>Check Trunk Ethernet port all configuration function</li></ul>
4	Ping fail or can't	■Trunk Ethernet port service off	Check the duplex matching
'	transfer data or cannot	■Fiber fail	Check Trunk Ethernet port all
	remote Telnet	■The RJ-45 connector has a bad	configuration function
		contact	Check the fiber contact
		■Networking service management	■Change optical cable
		telnet function turned off	■Check networking service
		■Trunk Ethernet general parameters	management function, diagnostic &
		setting error	loopback test item :
			(service mode must be on)
			■Execute Autolbk to check optical
			connection
5	The unit is reset or	■ The user selected wrong save	■This equipment will reboot
	powered off, all the	configuration or select incorrect	according your last saved state by
	configuration settings are lost	profile load.	loading the profile.
	aie 105t		■ If your last boot was loading factory
			default value, when you restart unit, it
			will still load factory default .

No.	Symptom	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
6.	Device can not be managed	<ul> <li>Networking service management</li> <li>SNMP may be off</li> <li>Device IP incorrect</li> <li>SNMP agent configuration:</li> <li>read/write community incorrect</li> </ul>	■Check networking service management ■Check device IP ■Check SNMP agent configuration
7.	Power indicator is off	Power supply is not available; The mains switch of the power supply is not closed; The connection of the power supply is not tight;	Change the power supply; Close the switch of the power supply; Screw down the power supply
8.	Optical LOS alarm indicator is on	If self loop of the optical ports is normal and the connection of the optical cables is right, the optical cables has trouble or the distance is too long; Otherwise the TX and RX optical interface connection may be reversed;	Change the optical cables; Change a long distance optical module; Exchange the TX and RX fiber cables
9.	The equipment at one side of the optical connection is normal, and other has LOS alarm	Self loop separately, the equipment that has LOS alarm has trouble Otherwise the RX fiber cable has trouble	Contact with your support representative Change the optical cables
10.	E1 interface alarms	Coaxial connector has trouble The E1 equipment is powered off The E1 TX and RX interface connection is reverse; The alarm of tributary E1 is not masked	Adjust the coaxial connector Power on the E1 equipment that connects to the unit; Exchange the TX and RX interface connectors; Press the "MASK" button to mask the tributary E1 alarm;
11.	V.35 interface alarms	Clock settings do not match The V.35 connector has a bad contact	Check V.35 interface configured
12.	OE module cannot switch	Check OE module setting for startup lock function.	Check Optical interface parameters under config Check OE switching protection status
13.	PRBS test shows error bits or test is ok but always showing red indicators.	Not comply use framing in unframed type module. The user lookup PRBS test result in the wrong location	Configured correct type in unframed. In general, user should check the results in PRBS testing screen.
14	LCD key cannot login and set	Check that input key priority button is correct. Check console screen item "LCD Login Configuration" whether it has defined.	Check "LCD Login Configuration".
15	E1 interfaces have bit errors	Impedance is not matched or E1 cables are too long. The E1 connector has a bad contact, 120Ω connect cable is not twisted;E1 terminal unit is not common earthed with the optical multiplexer	Confirm the impedance of the E1 equipment is same of the optical multiplexer; Confirm the distance of the E1 cable is no longer than 200 meters; Adjust the E1 connector Confirm the 1,2 pin of the RJ- 45(120Ω) is twisted, and the 4,5 pin is another twist; Confirm the earth ground of the E1 terminal unit and the optical multiplexer is according to the electrician standard;

# A.3 Rack Mount Installation Guide







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